Bellefonte Republican.

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VOL. XXXII | BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1901. | NO. 10.

MINERS WILL TRY AGAIN.

Letters Sent to Coal Companies and Individual Operators.

PRESIDENT MITCHELL'S STATEMENT

Aid of No Third Party Has Yet Been Solicited But men Would Not Object to Same if Result Could Be Attained.

WHAT A TIE-UP WOULD MEAN

SCRANTON, March 19.—As the result of conferences held Tuesday between President John Mitchell and the three district presidents of the anthracite region, communications were sent out in the afternoon from the United Mine Workers' headquarters to the presidents of all the coal companies and large individual operators.

These communications contained statements of the action of last week's convention in passing the resolution asking their attendance at the conference of April 1, and further expressed the acquiescence in that action by the national president and presidents of districts Nos. 1, 7 and 9.

No attempt will be made to deliver any of these messages in person, as was done in the matter of invitations to the conference of March 15.

President Mitchell when seen was still troubled with a heavy cold. On being asked whether there was any possibility of the operators being approached through a third party and their attandance at the conference of April 1, thus solicited, the young leader of the mine workers looked rather surprised and declared that the only intimation that he had received of any such movement was what he saw in today's papers.

"No plans of intermediation," he said, "have been as yet discussed by the mine workers' officials, and only arrangements have been made for communications directly between the operators and mine workers. However, in the course of developments, we would be only too glad to avail ourselves of any means of bringing about the end which we are trying to establish.

"The report that I intend going to New York with some of the local officials, is entirely unfounded, as there would be no possible use in our going there unless we knew we would be favorably received by those interested in the coal properties."

When asked what he thought of the opinion expressed by the Wilkesbarre operator, reported as declaring that the companies as corporate bodies refused to have any dealings with the mine workers, which are not such, President Mitchell slightly smiled, and then deliberately answered:

"I do not think much of that pretext. No labor organizations are corporated."

I do not question those reports. In fact, I do not think anyone is anxious to strike. The miners are all unwilling to suspend work, but still they favor an adjustment of the prevailing conditions, and realize that the effectual method by which to secure this is a joint conference.

"The men are all in favor of a uniform scale being paid for the same class of work at the different collieries. They believe that an hour's work in Scranton is of the same value as an hour's work in Shamokin or elsewhere, and this is one of the phases of the mining question which demands the consideration of a joint conference."

SHAMOKIN, March 20.—George Harlein, secretary of district No. 9 of the United Mine Workers' union, said that if a general tie-up is ordered two strike calls will be ordered simultaneously, one to the miners and another to the engineers, pumpmen and firemen. In this event, he says, the mines will flood of their own accord unless the officials operate the machinery.

Commercial and West Branch Lines.

The Commercial telephone company which has an exchange in this city is preparing to build their line so as to connect with that of the North and West Branch telephone company in Jersey Shore, and it is said that work will be begun within a few weeks. The poles of the Company were erected almost to the western limit of the borough of Jersey Shore some time ago and then operations had to stop until the company was given a permit to come into the borough. This having been granted they are now ready to start building the line.

—Twenty million feet of logs which were confined in a temporary boom at Curwensville were released Friday and are now on their way to the Williamsport boom.

WILL DORWORTH INJURED.

In a Fierce Scrimmage Between the Freshman and Sophomores at State College.

As a result of a fierce scrimmage at State College Tuesday morning between the Freshmen and Sophomores, Will Dorworth, son of Dr. and Mrs. E. S. Dorworth, of this place, is lying at one of the Fraternity houses with a fractured skull. Although the accident occurred early in the morning Dorworth did not regain consciousness until 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Three doctors were in attendance upon him and he is said to be suffering with concussion of the brain. Dr. and Mrs. Dorworth are now with him and his condition is reported as more favorable and the doctors now think he will pull through all right.

Dorworth belongs to the Freshman class and the trouble grew out of an attempt on the part of the Sophomores to prevent the Freshmen from attending the annual class dinner of the State College at Milton. The dinner was scheduled for Tuesday night and to avoid a conflict the Freshmen decided to go Monday night. The Sophs learned of the trick and a grand chase of the Freshmen followed.

During the afternoon a funny incident happened when a Soph chased a Freshy 4 miles across the country until he took refuge in a farm house. The Freshman wore a stripped sweater and the Soph informed the woman of the house that the young man was a convict, and he was at once chased out only to be nabbed by the Soph. Tuesday afternoon two Freshmen had themselves expressed to Milton in large boxes and the scheme worked admirably.

There are only 85 Sophomores to 150 Freshmen and yet the Sophs proved too much for them, 60 of the lower class men were captured Tuesday night and locked in the dormitories, where they were kept until 10 o'clock. The teams the Freshmen had hired to take them to Lemont, were also captured and held by the Sophs.

The few Freshmen who escaped Tuesday morning stole away in twos and threes and walked miles across country to Lemont, Scotia, Linden Hall, Bellefonte and Milesburg. In the meantime a gang of Sophs came to Bellefonte at 2 o'clock Tuesday morning and virtually took possession of the Penna. station, while other squads of Sophs guarded other stations. Fierce encounters took place all along the line and it is said that but 21 out of the Freshman class reached Milton.

Late Monday night the three score Freshmen who were confined in the dormitories were taken out and marched to a large barn a mile away where they were re-imprisoned to avoid any complication with the faculty. Then they were put through various drills until Tuesday evening, when it was too late to attend the banquet.

A Clearfield Lady's Death.

Mrs. Mary K. Antes, wife of M. G. Antes, of Clearfield, died on Thursday morning last after an illness of over a year. She was aged 52 years, 4 months and 15 days. Deceased was the daughter of David and Elizabeth Gates and was born in Gatesburg, Centre county, Pa. She was married to M. G. Antes on the 27th of June, 1878, in Emlenton, Venango county, Pa. She united with the Methodist church in Butler county, Pa., in 1874. Deceased leaves to mourn their loss her husband, one son and one daughter, Mary and Wilbur, at home. An aged mother also survives, and one brother and two sisters, T. J. Gates, and Mrs. Jennie Beck, of Tyrone, and Mrs. Mattie Hildebrant, of Bowdon, North Dakota. She was a loving and devoted wife and mother, a kind and helpful neighbor, always having a kind word for all, bearing her affliction with patience and resignation, looking forward to the rest which is prepared for the faithful. The funeral occurred on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment at Centre graveyard.

Bills Signed by Stone.

Harrisburg, March, 20.—Governor Stone signed the senate bill providing for the burial of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines, who served in the United States in any war, who die in almshouses and like institutions, and to authorize county commissioners to purchase plots of ground for the burial of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors or marines, who served the United States in any war, who die in indigent circumstances.

—A patient in the New York hospital for the insane was instantly restored to sanity after having been struck on the head by a cuspidor thrown by another patient. The only trouble about the general adoption of that method of treatment is that it is just as likely to kill as to cure.

WILL THE MINERS STRIKE?

What Some of Their Officials Say on the Subject.

TWO BELIEVE THAT IT WILL COME

The Question Is the Recognition of the Union and Secretary Hartlein Says That the Men Will Demand This.

ORGANIZER DAUGHERTY'S OPINION

SCRANTON, Pa., March 19.—The meeting of the district mine workers was held here instead of at Wilkesbarre as proposed. President Mitchell is suffering from a severe cold and has given orders to let no one up to see him.

District President Nichols and Duffy, when interviewed, said that the meeting was simply to prepare plans for getting the operators to a conference, but nothing was determined upon definitely.

Today's meeting of the district board will be arranged. It had not yet been decided when or whether to call a meeting of the national board.

Secretary Hartlein said: "I think there will be a strike, although the sentiment of the conference was against a strike. The men demand recognition of their union. The operators' suggestion to incorporate the union would render the organization ineffective. It then could be controlled by the operators, sued for conspiracy and rendered a dead organization. No labor union is incorporated."

Miles Daugherty, district organizer, said that if the operators refuse to meet the men they will cause one of the greatest strikes that has ever taken place among miners. "It will be a fight to the bitter end," he declared.

"The operators do not have to meet the men before April 1. If they say they will confer with the miners at any time later and give them a guarantee to that effect, the strike will not be declared April 1. When the order for a strike comes every colliery in the region will be closed. The men are a unit on the subject."

President Mitchell last night stated that if it becomes necessary to order a strike the new law passed at the Indianapolis convention, regarding the consent of all the district presidents being necessary before a strike could be ordered, does not apply in this instance. He said it applies only to a general strike and that the strike of the anthracite miners would be considered local.

Mr. Mitchell said that it is probable that within the next few days he will go to New York in an endeavor to bring about a conference. In this connection he said:

"The matter is entirely in the hands of the board. They will exert every effort to bring about a meeting between the operators and the men. If their efforts prove unsuccessful then the resolutions adopted at the convention will be carried out. After the meeting today we may have a statement to give out. Further than that I have nothing to say."

—Hundreds of contractors' materials and hundreds of workmen are being transported from the east and from the west and are centering along the Middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad. The breaking up of the ice and the melting the frost in the ground have been the signal for the contractors to begin operations in earnest. From this time until the completion of the immense work the Middle division of the Pennsylvania between Susquehanna Bridge and Huntingdon will be a lively place, and the little towns along the way will prosper because of the increased population in and near them.

—Last Saturday evening about 7:45 o'clock there occurred in the parlors of the First Methodist Episcopal parsonage, at Altoona, a quiet wedding. Ephriam Frantz, of Port Matilda, and Miss Lillian May Williams, of Martha, were united in marriage by Rev. Horace Lincoln Jacobs, in the presence of a few friends. They expect to go to housekeeping this week in Tyrone.

—Governor Stone has appointed the following trustees of the Cottage State hospital at Philipsburg: A. S. R. Richards, Osceola Mills; vice W. A. Christ, A. E. Woolridge, Woodland, vice E. A. Irwin; J. N. Schoonon, Philipsburg, vice Robert Lloyd, deceased; Thos. Blythe, Madera, vice Wm. P. Duncan, resigned.

—Suit has been instituted by the borough of Tyrone against the Tyrone Gas and Water Co., to compel the sale of the gas and water works to the municipality. The plant is estimated to be worth $250,000.

Died at Mifflinburg.

Henry Gast Wolf, one of Mifflinburg's prominent citizens and business men, died at his home in that place early on Tuesday morning, from a stroke of paralysis which he received on Wednesday evening previous, while on his way home from the residence of his son.

He was aged 72 years, 5 months and 6 days. He was the father of three surviving children: Mrs. Emma J. Bikle, Gettysburg, Pa.; Mrs. B. K. Focht, Lewisburg and Harry M. Wolf, of Mifflinburg.

The deceased was a native of Centre county, and was born in Miles township, and went to Mifflinburg in 1847, being engaged in the mercantile business, which he successfully followed until 1898, and when he retired on account of failing health, he was president of the Farmers' bank of Mifflinburg, and was identified with many public improvements in the town.

The funeral was held Friday morning from his late residence in Mifflinburg, interment being made in the cemetery at Lewisburg.

Mr. Wolfe was a member of a family of seven children, of whom he is survived by two brothers, Dr. E. J. Wolf, of the Theological Seminary, Gettysburg, and John Wolf, of Rebersburg, Centre county, and a sister Mrs. Daniel Zeigler, at Millheim, Pa.

Inhabited by Crooks.

An old abandoned log cabin on the estate of Hon. John Dean, near Elizabeth Furnace, Blair county, is now and has been for some time the residence of a gang of crooks, from which point they made their incursions to different points nearby, securing whatever booty they could. Among the gang were some of the best known crooks in the United States, consisting of professional safe blowers, burglars and general crooks. The probabilities are that some of the gang that has been holding forth there were concerned in the robbing of the Bellwood bank and houses in Juniata and other nearby neighborhoods. The officials have been notified that the gang is occupying the house.

Beech Creek's Engineers.

A bulletin of interest has been posted by the New York Central railroad. It consists of a complete list of the engineers of the Beech Creek district—numbering 121—and shows the length of time that each has been in the company's employ. The road's oldest engineer is Samuel Retalick, of Jersey Shore, who has been on the Beech Creek since April 24, 1884. The last engineer is J. C. Holes, who was promoted from a fireman, January 18, this year.

—A handsome monument to the dead soldiers and sailors of Union county is to be erected at the corner of Third street and University avenue, Lewisburg, this spring. It will be fifty feet high, constructed of Vermont granite, at a cost of $10,000. The unveiling will take place next Fourth of July. David J. Hill, Assistant Secretary of State, is expected to make the unveiling address.

—An editor says he has two subscribers who frequently get full, and every time they get in that condition they come in and pay a year in advance. One of them is now credited to 1941 and the fraternity throughout the state are crazy to find out what brand of whiskey he drinks. They want to offer it as a premium.

—The Penna. railroad company has placed orders at their Juniata shops at Altoona for the immediate building of 27 new passenger locomotives. The flyers will be the latest revised type of engines and on the same pattern as those now in use on their eastern division.

—Senator Focht, of Union county, has introduced a bill in the Senate providing for the erection of and maintaining eel baskets and eel wiers in streams between April 15 and November 15. Such a law would benefit many people residing along the streams and would work no injury to game fish interests.

—Mrs. Mary Haines, widow of Wm. Haines, who lives on top of the divide between Bald Eagle and Marsh Creek valleys, died on Wednesday and was buried Friday. She was one of the oldest ladies in that section of the county.

—The Lock Haven Traction company are considering the question of extending their road to Salona, with a view of securing a suitable place for a park. The matter will be determined at the next meeting of the board of directors.

—Jonathan Dalley, a Jersey Shore carpet weaver, during the last sixteen years, has woven on a hand loom over 40,000 yards, or about twenty-four miles, of rag carpet. In one year he has used over a ton of yarn.

—The first fire brick made in the country were manufactured in Baltimore in 1827.

EX-PRESIDENT'S FUNERAL

Remains of General Benjamin Harrison Laid to Rest

THERE WAS A LARGE ATTENDANCE

This was Composed of Persons from all Walks of Life and the Tribute of Respect was Universal.

THE SCENES WERE IMPRESSIVE

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 18.—Surrounded by fully 15,000 of his fellow citizens, the remains of Benjamin Harrison were Sunday afternoon interred in the family lot in Crown Hill cemetery. Close by the grave were the members of his family, President McKinley, and other visitors of distinction and the more intimate friends of General Harrison. Back a distance of 50 yards, behind ropes guarded zealously by a large force of police, stood with uncovered heads, the great multitude who knew him not so well as did they who stood beside the freshly upturned earth, but who honored him and admired him quite as much. It is doubtful if any public man, at least in this generation, has been borne to his last resting place among so many manifestations of respect.

The procession was to have left the house at 1:30, but it was fully 30 minutes later than that when everything was in readiness. The doors were thrown wide open and the honorary pall-bearers, who were Hon. Benjamin F. Tracy, of New York; John Wanamaker, Philadelphia; Wm. H. H. Miller, of Indianapolis; J. W. Noble, St. Louis, and Chas. Foster, of Fostoria, O; Gen. Lew Wallace, of Indianapolis; Judson Harmon, Cincinnati, and Wm. A. Woods, of Indianapolis, came slowly down the walk leading to the street. After them came the active pall-bearers bearing the casket. They were:

A. L. Mason, James Whitcomb Riley, Evans Woollen, H. J. Milligan, Clifford Arrick, Wm. C. Bobbs, Harry S. New, Howard Cale, J. T. Griffiths, Newton B. Tarkington, Hilton U. Brown and Samuel Reid,

The honorary and actual pall bearers came slowly up the north centre isle, filing into the seats at the side. The ushers forming in column near the door, came up the south aisle, acting as an escort to the President who was accompanied by Mrs. Durbin. As the President reached the pew set aside for him, the ushers turned and faced him. He bowed his thanks for the honor and then ushering Mrs. Durbin into the pew followed after. Gov. Durbin and Secretary Cortelyou filled up the pew. Immediately in front of the casket and behind the pall bearers came the Rev. M. L. Haines and Rev. Samuel J. Niccols, of St. Louis, the latter bearing a facial resemblance to Senator Hanna, although he is a much larger man.

Immediately following the casket was Lieut. Commander Parker and Mrs. Harrison. Following were Mr. and Mrs. Russel Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McKee and Mrs. Eaton, John Scott Harrison and Carter B. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Newcomer, Mr. and Mrs. S. V. Morris and other relatives and close friends of the family.

When all had taken their seats, Mr. Haines advanced to the front of the pulpit platform, and opened the service by saying: "I am the resurrection and the life. He that believeth on me, though he were dead, yet shall he live, and he that liveth shall never die."

Mr. Niccols read from 1 Corinthians, xv:35-38, inclusive, after which Mr. Haines offered prayer.

After the prayer the choir rendered the hymn "Rock of Ages" in a beautiful and impressive manner. This was Gen. Harrison's favorite hymn, and it is said it is the only one he ever attempted to sing.

Following the hymn Dr. Niccols read portions of Scriptures from the 14th chapter of Corinthians and the 25th chapter of Revelations, after which Dr. Haines offered prayer. The services were closed with a baritone solo, "Hark, Hark, My Soul," rendered by Edward Nell, in which the entire choir joined in the chorus.

It was nearly 5 o'clock when the line of relatives and friends came up the graveled path to the tomb.

The burial service was very simple and brief. The Rev. Mr. Niccols read the short committal and burial service and the Rev. Mr. Haines followed with a prayer. Instead of following the usual practice which consists of dropping a handful of dust on the coffin, three carnations were placed upon the lid.

—The shoe factory at Middleburg, Pa., was closed by the sheriff on Saturday.

IS IT JOHN ROHN?

The Body Which was Found in the River Near Lock Haven.

The body which was found in the river east of Richie is believed by many to be that of the missing John Rohn, whose disappearance from home nearly two years ago has been a profound mystery.

The body was first discovered by men on a raft. They notified constable D. R. Barker, who, in turn, told overseers Grugan and Weaver. Overseer Grugan and a few men went to the spot and found the body in the river between Richie and Wetham. It was lodged against a water birch bush, about 20 feet from shore, on the north side of the river.

The body was placed on a few logs and floated to Wetham. It was carried to the station and placed in a rough box, which had been sent from Lock Haven.

Saturday morning Coroner W. J. Shoemaker, of Clinton county, went to Wetham and empanneled a jury consisting of A. W. Kepler, Wm. Johnson, E. P. Shady, Alfred Huff, R. D. Baker and J. H. Peck.

An examination of the body revealed that it was in an advanced stage of decomposition. There was a hole, which looks as though it may have been made by a bullet, at the base of the nose. This bone and the upper jaw bone were fractured. There was a gash at the side of the head and a contusion on the side of the face in front of the left ear. The back teeth were also knocked out.

These wounds all indicate that the man, whoever he is, had been murdered, as any one of the wounds could have produced death.

When the man was taken out of the water, it was found that the body was stripped of all clothing, except a working shirt. The appearance of the body looked as though it had been in the water some time.

The man is about 5 feet, 10 inches; brown hair, turning grey; bald on top of the head; short cropped grey whiskers and mustache; weight about 180, and age between 60 and 70 years.

After hearing what testimony could be obtained, the jury rendered a verdict that the man came to his death by violence. Where the body came from was not learned.

The overseers took charge of the body and ordered undertaker Sloan, of Lock Haven, to send a coffin to that place Saturday afternoon. The body will be buried at Wetham.

Several citizens at Wetham who knew John Rohn, state the face of the dead man and the size and description of the body bears a striking resemblance to that gentleman. One man says he is so confident that it is Rohn that he would be willing to risk an affidavit on his belief. The body, however, is much bloated, which will make it difficult to establish the identity with the accuracy that is desired.—L. H. Democrat.

His Narrow Escape.

John Smeltz 26 years old, of Herndon, Thursday was operating a large saw mill at that place. Accidentally three of his fingers were severed by the saw. Smeltz started for the office, but weakened by the loss of blood, fell on the carriage that was moving rapidly towards the saw. A fellow workman saw Smeltz' predicament and stopped the machinery just in time. A minute more time and Smeltz' body would have been severed above the hips.

Court Revokes Charters.

As a result of the crusade of the Altoona Anti-Saloon League, the Maennerchor Singing Society and the Altoona Turn Verein, two of the strongest German musical organizations in Central Pennsylvania, and the Juniata Rod and Game Club, a leading sporting organization, have been required by the Court to surrender their charters.

—The new Salvation Army citadel at DuBois, which has just been completed at the cost of $10,000, was dedicated Monday afternoon by Consul Mrs. Booth-Tucker, who came from New York city for the occasion. Large crowds filled the building to overflowing at the service in the afternoon and evening. Many prominent officers of the army were present to assist in the services, among them "Joe, the Turk," and Captain Emily March Consul Booth Tucker is being entertained during her stay in DuBois by Mr. and Mrs. John E. DuBois.

—W. A. Boal, and family, are removing to Centre Hall, where they will reside. Mrs. Boal and daughter, Miss Martha Boal, left Saturday and the rest of the family will depart this week.—Tyrone *Herald*.

—The number of saloons in Ohio last year was 10,348, an increase of 476 over 1899. The license receipts were $1,864,642.

Additional Locals.

—Spring has been giving us some delightful reminders.

—J. C. Bible has been appointed postmaster at Centre Hill this county.

—R. B. Taylor, the coal dealer lost a valuable horse by death Thursday.

—Ex-Sheriff B. F. Schaeffer is reported to be critically ill at his home in Nittany Hall.

—Thomas Donachy, of Bellefonte, has been placed on the United States pension rolls at $8 a month.

—Anxious Inquirer: Yes, St. Patrick's day will be a legal holiday. It will fall on Sunday. "Bradford Era."

—Several robins have made their appearance already and this is a good sign that Spring is not far distant.

—Governor Stone dined the members of the Superior Court at the Executive Mansion on Wednesday night.

—A doctor out west claims that apple cider vinegar taken in reasonable quantities is a sure preventative of smallpox.

—Charles Cruse is the proud father of a sweet little baby girl which arrived at his home Thursday morning. Accept our congratulations.

—The Opera house boot black stand has sold out. The chairs have been moved down to the Bush House where a first-class stand has been fixed up.

Pneumonia follows lagrippe, but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, the great throat and lung remedy. Take no substitute. All Druggists.

—W. Fred Jackson, who has been connected with Jackson, Hastings & Co's. bank for several years past, will sever his connection with that institution on March 30th.

—Owing to ill health Mrs. Mollie Valentine has resigned her position as clerk in the office of the County Treasurer. She has been succeeded by James H. Corl, of Pleasant Gap.

Eugene J. Hall, the poet and publisher, says that one dose of Foley's Honey and Tar restored his voice when hoarseness threatened to prevent his lecture at Central Music Hall, Chicago. Nothing else as good. All Druggists.

—Rev. R. Crittenden departed Friday for two week's of mission work. He will visit at least two communities that have had no gospel services all winter seven miles from their nearest church.

—George Dingler, a young man of Jersey Shore, was eating raw oysters a few evenings ago when his teeth struck a hard substance which proved to be a snow white pearl. Experts say it is worth over $100.

"I had running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. Jas. Forest of Chippewa Falls, Wis., "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Banner Salve entirely cured it." No other salve so healing. All Druggists.

—Mrs. Nancy J. Bodle, of Fillmore, has been granted a widow's pension of $8 00 per month; Samuel P. Bathurst, of Roland, a penson of $6.00 and John Cobie, Jr., of Linden Hall, $12.00 per month.

—The Centre county Medical Society adopted a fee bill at its last meeting which is to go into effect on the 18th of March. The rates for physicians in town will remain practically the same as before, but they will be considerably increased in the country districts.

Mr. J. W. Patterson, night police at Nashua, Ia., says: "In January I had a very bad cold on my lungs, and used half dozen different cough medicines and prescriptions from two doctors, but grew worse all the time. I finally bought a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and after using two-thirds of it, I was entirely cured." All Druggists.

—The "White Sale" and supper at the W. C. T. U., rooms on Thursday afternoon and evening given under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church proved a splendid financial success and the ladies who directed the enterprise are grateful for a generous and substantial public patronage.

Robert R. Watts, of Salem, Mo., writes: —"I have been troubled with kidney disease for the last five years and have doctored with all the leading physicians and have tried all remedies suggested without any relief. Finally I tried Foley's Kidney Cure and less than two bottles completely cured me and I am sound and well." All Druggists.

—While working at the Jenkin's Iron and Tools Works at Howard on Thursday Henry Williams, son of Isaac R. Williams had the first finger on his right hand smashed. The finger was caught in the press at which he was working and in the effort to jerk it out the flesh was stripped from the bone.

—Rev. J. Womelsdorf, pastor of the Bellefonte United Evangelical church, has been stationed at Patterson, Pa. He delivered his farewell sermon to his Bellefonte congregation last Sunday evening March 17th. Rev. W. H. Brown, of the Spring Mills charge has been appointed pastor of the Bellefonte church for the ensuing year.

—Thursday evening John W. Miller and Miss Mary Snyder, both of Pine Grove Mills, were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed at the Lutheran parsonage in Pine Grove by Rev. C. L. Aikens. The groom is a son of George F. Miller and the bride is a daughter of John Snyder, one of the wealthiest farmers in Centre county. The young couple are well known and their friends wish them a happy and prosperous voyage on the sea of matrimony.

JUST A LITTLE WAR CLOUD

Russians and British Both Claim the Same Land in Tien Tsin.

FORMER SAID TO BE ENTRENCHED

Meanwhile American Troops Have Been Ordered to Return to Manila, Leaving Only a Legation Guard of 150 Men.

GERMANS WILL STAY AWHILE YET

LONDON, March 16.—A dispatch received here from Tien Tsin by Reuter's telegram company dated that city yesterday, at 3:20 p. m. says:

The Russians are now entrenching in the disputed territory. A company of the Hong Kong regiment, with fixed bayonets, is in front, while two companies of the Madras prisoners, under the command of Major Johnson, are held in reserve.

"Both the Russians and the British are awaiting instructions from their government."

A question in the house of commons today in regard to the dispatch from Tien Tsin announcing friction between the Russians and British there elicited a confirmation from Lord George Hamilton, the secretary of state for India, who, corroborating the dispatches of the Associated Press, said Russia had claimed the land in dispute by virtue of a concession alleged to have been granted by China since the disturbances commenced. The authorities on the case were dealing with the matter. The government had not sent special instructions, as, throughout the Chinese operations, the British officers had shown a spirit of excessive conciliation.

BERLEIN, March 15.—In a reply to a question in the reichstag as to how long the German troops would remain in the province of Chi Li, Count Von Boelow, the imperial chancellor, said:

"That will depend upon China's fulfillment of the present conditions, which she has accepted. But no longer will promises or even the most charming notes from Li Hung Chang be of any avail. As soon as we receive serious guarantees for the payment of the indemnities, we shall immediately withdraw our troops.

"It affords us no pleasure whatever to remain in the province of Chi Li. We shall leave with a sincere and lively desire that we may be spared as long as possible from seeing it again. We shall not stay a day longer than is required. Until then Count Von Waldersee will fill his post at present."

WASHINGTON, March 15.—An order was sent to Gen. Chaffee for the evacuation of China by American troops, leaving only a legation guard of 150 men. The troops will be relieved from China the last of April.

The dispatch to General Chaffee in Pekin is as follows:

Adjutant General's Office, Washington, March 15, 1901. Chaffee, Pekin.—In reply to your telegram, secretary of war directs your complete arrangements sail for Manila with your command and staff officers by end April, leaving as legation guard infantry company composed of 150 men having at least one year to serve, or those intending to re-enlist with full complement of officers, medical officer, sufficient hospital corps men and if you think best field officer especially qualified to command guard. Retain and instruct officer quartermaster's department proceed to erect necessary buildings for guard according to plan and estimates you approve. Colonel Chas. F. Humphrey on arrival, will make an inspection of quartermasters department in Philippine Islands until July 1, when he will be assigned to duty as chief quartermaster at Manila and Miller ordered to the United States. All stores, supplies not required for legation guard, to be disposed of in your best judgment of course; serviceable supplies needed in the Philippine Islands will be sent to Manila. Division of the Philippines will furnish supplies for legation guard. MacArthur notified.

[Signed] "CORBIN."

Working 24 Hours a Day.

There's no rest for those tireless little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always busy, curing Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Fever and Ague. They banish Sick Headache, drive out Malaria. Never gripe or weaken, Small, taste nice, work wonders. Try them. 25c at F. Potts Greens Drug, store.

Street Caved In.

State College residents were treated to a surprise Monday morning when the part of College avenue opposite Mrs. Susan Erb's house caved in, making a good-sized hole. A fence was made around it immediately. It seems that a sink hole in the field between street and railroad has caused the trouble. Water running into the sink hole runs under the street and has carried away the ground between the stones, so that when the rain came the stones fell, causing the cave-in.

Cinnamon-Coated Pills.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are coated like a cinnamon drop, very small and delightful to take. One pill a dose, 40 in a vial for 10 cents. Their popularity, is a whirlwind, sweeping competitors before it like chaff. No pain, no griping, no inconvenience.—55

Sold by F. Potts Green.

HARRISON GAVE FIRST FORTUNE TO CHILDREN.

Then He Accumulated Another, Which Goes to Second Wife and Her Child.

LOUISVILLE, March 16.—"Some people condemned General Harrison when he married the second time," said a Louisville Judge Thursday who was associated with General Harrison in legal cases, but this would not have been so had they understood all the circumstances of that marriage.

"His second marriage was opposed by his two children, Colonel Russell B. Harrison and Mrs. Mary Harrison McKee. Feeling that their opposition was in a manner justified, General Harrison turned over to them his whole fortune with the exception of his house in Indianapolis, and said with characteristic firmness: "I shall now start out again in life, and whatever I may make shall belong to my wife and any children God may bless me with.

"He turned over to his son and daughter about $100,000, accumulated in the practice of law and saved from his salary as President. Since his second marriage he has accumulated about twice that much, and I am told he will cut off his children by his first wife with a mere mention and has left his second fortune to his second wife and his child by her. Since the second marriage his son Russell and his daughter have not visited their father's home in Indianapolis."

Convinced by Printed Testimony

of the hundreds of the cured, Mrs. Benz, of 418 E. 8th street, New York, who was for years a great sufferer from Catarrh, procured two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and it effected an absolute cure in a very short while. One puff through the blower will clear the head and stop headache. 50 cents.—57

Sold by F. Potts Green.

Commencement Speakers.

The faculty at State College has announced the class orators for the coming June commencement as follows:

Albert Miles Arney, of Centre Hall; George Abraham Elder, Philipsburg; Thomas Harrison Miller, Bruin; Brooke Lindsay Moore, Harrisburg, and Guy Wise, Allentown.

The speakers in the junior contest will be Herman Herbert Hansom, of Manchester, N. H.; Alfred Harmer Miller, Philad'a; Frank Zook Moore, Waynesboro; Paul Edgar Smith, Lebanon; Daniel Webster Strayer, York, and Jonas Elwood Wagner, Houserville; with John Thomas Gephart, Bedford; Harry Lewis Jones, Sandy Lake, and Harry Albert Blair, Bellefonte, as alternates.

Whisky Medicines.

The temperance press is emphasizing the danger to the home in the use of "medicines" which are loaded with whisky or alcohol. In this respect, as well as in the remarkable character of their cures, Dr. Pierce's medicines differ from other preparations. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and "Favorite Prescription contain no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant, and are equally free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics. Every family should have a copy of the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, entabsolutely free, on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Law and Love.

Indiana adds an astonishing proposition to the list of schemes for the reform of the marriage institution which have lately come out of the great west. Before her legislature is a bill providing for a board of two doctors, two mothers and an attorney, who are to form rules for the "physical examination of both parties to every application for a wedding license."

The ostensible objects of this legislation are to reduce the number of unhappy or unfortunate marriages and to decrease the divorce business in the state. Of course, no such effects would follow. Love laughs at harsh laws as well as at locksmiths, and if the Hoosier lawmakers persists with their absurd regulation the chief result will be the flight of betrothed couples over the state borders for their nuptials.

Nor is it certain or even possible that the proposed law would be a wise one, even if could be effective. The physician or parent who is an infallible judge of conditions to a happy marriage has yet to be found. Doubtless Indiana's suggested examiners would have forbidden the bans between Robert Browning and Elizabeth Barrett. Yet in so doing they would have robbed the world of one of its sweetest true stories of wedded love.

Chance for Voting Machines.

The resolution to amend the Constitution so as to permit the use of voting machines passed the Senate finally on Thursday. This resolution went through both branches of the Legislature last session and if approved by the present House will go before the people in next fall's election for final approval or rejection.

After Lagrippe—What?

Usually a racking cough and a general feeling of weakness. Foley's Honey and Tar is guaranteed to cure the "grippe cough" and make you strong and well. Take no substitute. All Druggists.

—Helen Davis, aged 4 years, got too near an open stove at Williamsport Wednesday, and her hair took fire. Seizing a hair brush, the little girl used it so vigorously that she quickly extinguished the flames, and saved her own life.

WHERE COLORS COME FROM

Africa Has a Bird Whose Plumage Will Not "Wash."

"The man who devotes his life to the study of color in all its remarkable phases occasionally comes across some queer facts," recently said the senior partner of a well known firm of artists' color men. "The printing of a newspaper color supplement sets thousands of unsuspected toilers in motion. The natural earth of Sienna and Umbria, in Italy, produces the raw colors, and the same material fused the familiar 'burnt sienna' and 'burnt umber.' 'Turkey red' comes from the Indian madder plant. 'Carmine' and the 'lakes' are squeezed cochineal. 'Sepia' is, of course, taken from the cuttlefish. 'Gamboge' is the yellow sap of a Siamese tree. 'Ultramarine' is, or should be, made from the priceless lapis lazuli, while 'prussian blue,' which was stumbled upon by accident, is the burnt product of horses' hoofs and impure potassium carbonate. 'India ink' is made in China, 'blue black' is the charcoal of the vine stalk and 'bister' is made from ordinary wood ashes.

"As you are probably aware, the distinguishing feature of india ink is its refusal to 'run' when subsequently covered with tinted washes. It is what the drapers call a 'fast' color, and for this reason is exclusively employed by engineers, draftsmen and others.

"Most persons imagine that all natural colors, such as those of birds' plumage, are 'fast.' This is erroneous. The well known African touraco (plantain eater) is a case in point. If this bird is caught in a shower of rain, the brilliant crimson found in his plumage will 'run,' leaving the erstwhile crimson feathers a species of dirty white, notwithstanding that his green feathers will remain perfectly 'fast.' Inquiry into this curious 'running' trait reveals a marvelous provision of nature. A careful analysis of the crimson feathers shows that the brilliant coloring is due to the presence of a large quantity of copper."—Fiber and Fabric.

HARD TO PURCHASE.

The Peculiar Red Ribbon of the French Legion of Honor.

The peculiar red ribbon which members of the Legion of Honor of France are entitled to wear is to be had in New York at one establishment, which is naturally sought out by Americans honored with this decoration. But they never have the satisfaction of getting the ribbon until the firm that has the exclusive sale of it has received official notice that the persons applying have the right to display it.

"I know it," said one of the clerks the other day to a would be purchaser of the ribbon. "I know that you are a member of the legion and have a right to buy the ribbon, because I read your name in the paper and know who you are. But we have not received official notification of your appointment and you have not your diploma. So I could not sell you any of it.

"We had to make this rule first because the French government required it of us when we received the agency, but we also realize the necessity of it. All kinds of persons who have no right to this ribbon try to get hold of it. All of them pretend when they find that we sell it only to persons entitled to wear it either that they are members of the legion or that they are buying it on behalf of persons who do belong to the order. The ribbon is not like any other, and we know that if any of this ribbon is bought in New York that it comes from us. For that reason we are particular to the extent of requiring documentary proof from every applicant unless we have received official notification of his right to wear it."—New York Sun.

Bruises.

For an ordinary bruise such as results from an ill directed hammer or from a door shutting on one's finger use a mild astringent of some sort, such as witch hazel or vinegar. Keep the bruise constantly wet until the pain ceases, using a bandage of old muslin for wrapping. If the pain is very intense, laudanum may be added. After the pain has ceased and only discoloration and swelling remain to tell the tale it is a good plan to apply a stimulating liniment. This induces an extra flow of fresh blood to the spot. In the case of a severe bruise the supply of blood to the injured part must be lessened by elevating it above the heart and applying cold water or even ice.

Of course when the bruise, or contusion rather, is of such moment house remedies should be indulged in only while waiting for a doctor, a truth that necessarily applies to all the various emergencies that arise. In cases of severe burns physicians are often hampered by the home remedies that cover the burns and hide the real extent of the injury.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

—The March lion is not an advocate of the eight-hour day, judging from the full time he is now putting in. To be sure, most of it is blow and bluster, with a sprinkling of rain and snow, to remind people that a week of groundhog winter is still due.

—When a man sells cabbage he expects others to get a head of him.

A MISERABLE MAN.

Two Years and Six Months Without Sleep.

Sleep seems to be in many cases a matter of habit, just as eating and drinking are habits. The Arab whose desert life leads to abstemiousness, declines the offer of a draught of water, saying, "No thank you, I drank yesterday." He drinks only when thirsty, and like his own camels, he can go long and far without water.

It's much the same with sleep. When Gabet and Huc, the French missionaries, were exploring Tartary they engaged in the translation of the Scrip-

tures, working without intermission day and night. When one felt the need of sleep he lay on a couch, holding in his hand a ball, beneath which, on the floor, was a brazen bowl. When his muscles relaxed sufficiently to release the ball, it fell into the bowl, and the noise wakened the sleeper who resumed his work.

But it is one thing to give up sleep and another thing altogether to be unable to sleep. Those who suffer from asthma, bronchitis and other diseases of the organs of respiration are only too familiar with this enforced wakefulness. They would give almost anything for a night's unbroken rest.

THE SECRET OF SLEEP

for them lies in the cure of the diseases which banish slumber. That this cure is possible is abundantly proven by those who have used Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of bronchitis, obstinate and deep-seated coughs, lung "trouble" and other diseases of the organs of respiration.

"I can this day say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best and only remedy I have ever found for what the doctors call asthma," writes Mr. F. G. Rodemeyer, of 45 Hayden Street, Fort Wayne, Ind. "I have suffered from hay-fever (and I get the asthma with it), every year in August and September for the last fifteen years, and could not sleep one night during that time, until this year, I have not lost one night's sleep, thanks to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery; and best of all I did not get the asthma with the hay-fever, and I only used two bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

The cures accomplished by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" are as numerous as they are wonderful. The great triumphs of this medicine have been won in the cure of chronic diseases of many years standing. When every other medicine had failed to do more than give tempory relief, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has made a perfect and permanent cure. Even when the disease was far advanced; when there were hemorrhages, night-sweats, emaciation and great weakness, "Golden Medical Discovery" has cured the disease and restored the strength.

WHAT FEW MEN KNOW,

is that catarrh in its commonest or simplest form is a menace not merely to health but to life. Catarrh of the lungs is but a step removed from consumption. Catarrhal affections should therefore never be neglected. They are as dangerous as they are offensive.

"For twelve years I was a sufferer from catarrh and was treated by one of the best physicians in the State of North Carolina, who said the trouble had reached my lungs," writes Mr. J. M. Patton, of Clotho, Transylvania Co., N. C. "I grew worse every day until I tried Dr. Pierce's medicines. Will say, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery with one bottle of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cured me, and to-day I am well and hearty, and I will say further that my former physician, Dr. W. M. Lyday, recommends Dr. Pierce's medicine to me and to others. I am sure your medicines will cure any case of catarrh that exists. I recommend them to all."

By purifying the blood and increasing the activity of the blood-making glands "Golden Medical Discovery" strengthens every organ of the body. Accepting the fact that the blood is the life, it follows that the healthfulness of the physical life will depend upon the healthfulness of the blood, and that a deficient supply of blood must result in a deficiency of physical strength. "Golden Medical Discovery" gives health and strength by increasing the quantity and improving the quality of the blood. The evidence of this lies in the marked gain in weight experienced by those who have become emaciated by wasting disease, and who have been cured by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery." It is not a gain of flabby fat, but a gain of sound flesh and firm muscle, and with this gain of flesh and muscle comes a gain of strength, which seeks a new outlet for itself in active exercise. The frequent testimony, "It has made a new man of me," thoroughly expresses the real rejuvenation which comes to those cured by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." No so-called "just as good" medicine can compare with the "Discovery" when its record of cures is considered.

21 CENTS TO UNCLE SAM.

That is the condition under which you can obtain a copy of the "People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," *free*. This great work, containing 1008 pages, in paper-covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. For the book in cloth binding send 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Anniversary of Carlisle Indian School.

CARLISLE, Pa., March 15.—The thirteenth annual commencement and twenty-second anniversary of the Carlisle Indian Industrial school was held yesterday. The gymnasium was crowded, visitors being present from Washington, New York, Philadelphia and Western cities. An inspection of the school and workshops show that the institution has advanced, and especially along industrial lines.

There are 1,000 pupils in the school and the graduating class numbers 39, the largest yet sent out.

In the absence of Superintendent Pratt, Captain Standing presided. Orations were delivered by Annie Goyitney, Pueblo; George Ferrep, Klamath; Ina Parnell, Nez Percez; Luzenia Tibbetts, Chippewa, and Herman Niles, Stockbridge.

Rev. Dr. Sheldon Jackson, commissioner of education for Alaska, presented the diplomas to the class, which represented 18 tribes.

May Remain at Corning.

After all the talk that has been made about the location of the New York Central railroad shops, officials at Jersey Shore Thursday stated that it has not yet been decided whether or not the shops shall be removed from Corning. There are many questions yet to be settled before the removal will be determined.

—The men are hoping that the Easter bonnet will be very plain or else just like last years.

—Harry P. Snively, porter at the Kessler house, Northumberland, was on his way to the train Wednesday morning when he was stabbed several times by a stranger, who became angered at Snively for some reason. Snively will recover.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates.

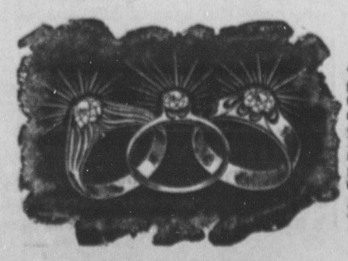
All druggists.

—The $5,000,000 which Andrew Carnegie has just given to Pittsburg brings the total of Mr. Carnegie's public benefactions up to more than $25,000,000. And yet he says he has only "just begun" to give away money.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

cures Hacking Coughs, Sore Lungs, Bronchitis, Grippe, Pneumonia and all severe lung affections. Why then risk consumption, a slow, sure death? Take warning! Act at once! Buy a bottle of **Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup**, a doctor's prescription, used over 50 years. Price, only 25 cents. Insist on having it. Don't be imposed upon. Refuse the dealer's substitute; it is not as good as Dr. Bull's.

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism Aches and Pains. 15 & 25 cts.



FREE TO ANYBODY

WATCHES, CAMERAS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, and many other valuable premiums for selling "QUICKMAID" Tablets at 10 cents a package. Each package makes 10 quarts of delicious FROZEN CUSTARD, in 10 minutes time. Every body buys. Send your name and address, and we will send you 12 packages, postpaid, and large premium list. When sold send us $1.20, and we will send FREE your choice of premium.

Write to-day and get extra present FREE.

FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY,
830 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward,

Leave Bellefonte 9,53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philidelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Vis Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.42 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 5	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 36	8 26	...East Ty ...o..	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	..... Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	...Vanscoyoc....	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 32	10 59	5 48
7 54	4 05	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 26
8 06	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 30	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	..Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 34	9 29	.... Boynton.....	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 38	9 32	.... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	...Philipsburg...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	... Blue Ball....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	....Wallaceton....	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 20	10 08	.....Woodland.....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 25	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 26	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 39	4 20
9 05	5 30	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 26	.....Clearfield	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	.....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville ..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 04	.....Grampian	6 40		3 21
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven...	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek..	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 42
4 44	1 05	9 53	.....Bellefonte.....	9 28	1 42	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	.....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	.....Unionville.....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	...Port Matilda...	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	..... Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	...Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	.....Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward. p m	a m		Eastward a m	p m
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	5 35	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	5 47	Vicksburg	8 53	4 55
2 05	6 55	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 28	8 11	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 58
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 45
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 45
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 39
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 56	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe	Leave	7 30
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection		9 15
10,01	5 55	Milesburg		9 18
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte	Arrive	9 32

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.	Exp.			Mail.	EASTWARD. Exp.	Bell'f Ac
††	†5	†2		†2	†4	6†
a.m	p m	a m	Lv Ar	a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 2
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 35	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 24	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. †Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Sup.

—Henry Seiple, an old West Branch raft pilot died in Lancaster county, Tuesday night of paralysis, aged 75 years.

BANNER SALVE,
the most healing salve in the world.
All druggists.

HARRISON IS DEAD!

The Ex-President of the United States Summoned Home

DIED WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Had Been Unconscious for Hours, the Exact Time When He Passed Into a Comatose State Not Known.

THE FUNERAL SUNDAY MARCH 17.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 18.—Gener- Benjamin Harrison died at 4:45 o'clock Wednesday afternoon without regaining consciousness. His death was quiet and painless, there being a gradual sinking until the end came, which was marked by a single gasp for breath as life departed from the body of the great statesman. The relatives, with a few exceptions, and several of the old and tried friends, were at the former president's bedside when he passed away.

The general's condition was so bad in the morning, after a restless night, that the attending physicians understood that the end could not be far off, and all bulletins sent out from the sick room were to this effect, so that the family and friends were prepared when the final blow came. The gradual failing of the remarkable strength shown by the patient became more noticeable in the afternoon, and a few moments before the end there was an apparent breakdown on the part of the sufferer, as he surrendered to the disease against which he had been so bravely battling for so many hours. The change was noticed by the physicians and the friends and relatives who had retired from the sick room to the library below were quickly summoned and reached the bedside of the general before he passed away.

The news passed quickly through the city and several of the more intimate friends at once hurried to the Harrison residence. The word was flashed from the bulletins of all the newspapers and thus communicated to the people on their way home in the evening. The announcement produced the greatest sorrow. Within a few moments the flags on all the public buildings and most of the down town business blocks were hoisted at half mast and other outward manifestations of mourning were made.

None of General Harrison's children was present at his death.

Neither Colonel Russell Harrison nor Mrs. McKee had reached the city, although both were hurrying on their way to the bedside of their dying parent as fast as steam could carry them.

Elizabeth, General Harrison's little daughter, had been taken from the sick room by her nurse just before the end came.

The group at the bedside included Mrs. Harrison, Wm. H. H. Miller, his son; Rev. Dr. H. H. Haines, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, which General Harrison had attended for many years; Mr. Tibbett, Drs. Jameson and Dorsey, Colonel Daniel Ransdell, sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate, and a close personal friend of the dead ex-president; Clifford Arrick, and the two nurses who have been in constant attendance.

General Harrison's two sisters and an aunt were also present. Mrs. Harrison kneeled at the right hand side of the bed, her husband's right hand grasped in hers, while Dr. Jameson held the left hand of the dying man, counting the feeble pulse beats. In a few moments after the friends had been summoned to the room, the end came, Dr. Jameson announcing the sad fact. The great silence that fell on the sorrowing watchers by the bedside was broken by the voice of Dr. Haines, raised in prayer, supplicating consolation for the bereaved wife and family.

Gen. Harrison's Career.

1833—Born at North Bend, O.

1853—Graduated from Miami university.

1854—Married Miss Caroline Lavinia Scott.

1862—Commissioner for the civil war.

1865—Honorably mustered out with brevet rank of brigadier general.

1866—Re-elected supreme court reporter.

1868—Formed the law firm of Porter, Harrison & Fishback.

1876—Defeated for governor of Indiana.

1880—Elected United States senator from Indiana.

1887—Completed his term and was succeeded by David Turpie.

1888—Nominated for president by the Republicans and elected over Grover Cleveland.

1889—Inaugurated as twenty-third president of the United States.

1892—Renominated, but defeated by Grover Cleveland.

1892—Mrs. Harrison died.

1893—Retired to private life.

1896—Married Mrs. Dimmick, niece of the first Mrs. Harrison.

Cleveland's Tribute.

Princeton, N. J., March 14.—When interviewed last night by the Associated Press correspondent, ex-President Grover Cleveland made the following statement on the death of former President Benjamin Harrison.

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

"I am exceedingly moved by the sad intelligence of Mr. Harrison's death, for, notwithstanding the late discouraging reports of his condition, I hoped his life might yet be spared. Not one of our countrymen should for a moment fail to realize the services which have been performed in their behalf by the distinguished dead. In high public offices he was guided by patriotism and devotion to duty, often at the sacrifice of temporary popularity, and in private station his influence and example were always in the direction of decency and good citizenship. Such a career, and the incidents related to it, should leave a useful impression upon every section of our national life."

Inaugural Epigrams.

By President McKinley:

The path of progress is seldom smooth.

We will not leave the destinies of the loyal millions in the islands to the disloyal thousands.

There are some national questions in the solution of which patriotism should exclude partisanship.

The American people, entrenched in freedom at home, take their love for it with them wherever they go.

Sectionalism has disappeared. Division on public questions can no longer be traced by the war maps of 1864.

The prophets of evil were not the builders of the Republic, nor in its crises since have they saved or served it.

Surely, after 125 years of achievement for mankind, we will not surrender our equality with other powers on matters fundamental and essential to nationality.

By Vice President Roosevelt.

Accordingly as we do well or ill, so shall mankind in the future be raised or cast down.

We belong to a young nation, already of giant strength, yet whose present strength is but a forecast of the power that is to come.

Will Spend Millions.

A dispatch dated New York, March 12, says:

The New York Central railroad has plans under way and in contemplation for the improvement of the roadway, double tracking and new construction which when finished will probably cost from $7,000,000 to $10,000,000.

One of the improvements is the replacing of all of the old bridges along the lines of the West Shore and Pennsylvania divisions with modern new steel structures.

The extension of the Beech Creek road from Clearfield to Keating, about 50 miles, and an arrangement to use tracks of the Pennsylvania road about 45 miles, between Keating and Jersey Shore, is also an important project for increasing the revenues of this line.

Prophets of Evil.

We jest ain't had no winter—
But little frost woz spilt;
But purty soon you'll hear the cry;
'The fruit
Crap's
Kilt!"

You'll see the peach blooms wither—
The watermelons wilt;
For low an' high you'll hear the cry;
"The fruit
Crap's
Kilt!"
—Atlanta Constitution.

Between Two Cakes of Ice.

William Willard Sienaker, a farmer near Jersey Shore, Tuesday, was standing on the ice, which is banked twenty feet high along the sides of the river, catching drift wood, when he was precipitated between two huge pieces. He struggled nearly two hours before he was able to extricate himself.

Cleveland Cannot Attend Harrison's Funeral.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 15.—Former President Grover Cleveland said yesterday that he would be unable to attend the funeral of Benjamin Harrison, at Indianapolis.

—A New York theatrical manager is trying to induce Mrs. Carry Nation to forsake her saloon smashing for the stage. He has made a flattering offer to star her in "Ten Nights in a Bar Room" and says she is inclined to talk business.

—The United States has a large and increasing trade with Manchuria, the Chinese province which has passed under Russian control, but whether the change will effect that trade is not yet positively known, although it is feared that it will.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for $1.25.

Army Dueling Scandal in Germany.

A dinner was given by the officers of the garrison of Morchingen, a town near Metz, in honor of the Kaiser's birthday. After dinner an army surgeon, Dr. Ruger, was giving a display of his strength, and took an officer of the Seventeenth Infantry regiment, Captain Adams, by the wrists and forced him off his chair onto the ground. It was all meant in good part, but Captain Adams resented it and struck Dr. Ruger, and then retired to his room. Thither he was shortly afterward followed by two other captains, who had come to arrange the affair in accordance with the military code of honor. Captain Adams had gone to bed, but a third visitor was awaiting him. This was Lieutenant Ruger, the brother of the insulted army surgeon.

Although the two captains expostulated with him, Lieutenant Ruger insisted on remaining, and when the door of the room opened and Captain Adams was about to enter he drew a revolver and shot him dead on the spot. Lieutenant Ruger then handed over his sword to the two captains and explained that he had sacrificed himself for his brother, who was the father of a family and who would probably have been killed if he had fought a duel with Captain Adams, that officer having been a notoriously good shot. On surrendering himself to the authorities of the garrison, Lieutenant Ruger was conveyed to Metz, where he awaits his trial by court-martial. Such a tragedy can hardly fail to bring home to many the inequality, and therefore the essential injustice, of dueling as a means of settling disputes.

Table Talk.

Table Talk constantly proves itself an invaluable aid to bright housekeepers. Its subject matter is always timely and practical. It gives economical menus for each day and adds full and complete directions for the preparation of the various dishes mentioned in the Bill of Fare. An attractive feature is the illustration with half-tone cuts of many of the special dishes showing how to garnish and beautify them for the table. The regular departments are as usual filled with desirable and useful information. Recent issues of Table Talk will be sent free to our readers on application to the Table Talk Publishing Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

Candidate for Grand Warden.

J. Calvin Meyer, of Bellefonte, is a candidate for grand warden of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, I. O. O. F. Mr. Meyer is prominently identified with Oddfellowship in this part of the state, being a director in the Sunbury Orphans' Home.

—A Slight Inaccuracy.—"Mamma," said the little girl, her eyes wide with excitement, "I do believe the minister told a story!" "Why, the idea!" said her mother. "You don't know what you are saying." "But I do, mamma. I heard papa ask him how long he had worn chin whiskers, and he said he had worn them all his life."

—If satisfactory arrangements can be made five of Bellefonte's young business and professional men, who have become weary of hotel life and yearn for home comforts and environments, will open up a "Bachelor's Hall" in the McFarlane residence on East Linn street.

—Wilmington has a collie dog owned by Miss Dollie Taylor who has a unique method of banking. His mistress laid a roll of one dollar bills amounting to $75 on her bed while dressing. When her back was turned the dog grabbed the bills and swallowed them.

—The will of a New York woman directed that her body be kept in a warm room five days after death, whether for fear of being buried alive or a desire to become acclimated was not stated.

Foley's Honey and Tar
heals lungs and stops the cough.
All druggists.

A Cough Question?

Knowing as you do of the danger which lurks in every neglected cough, would you neglect yours if you knew of a remedy like this?

A remedy that has cured hundreds of cases.
One that is perfectly harmless.
One of which you get a liberal quantity for the price.
One that costs you nothing if it fails to cure.

There is such a remedy. It is Pectoral Balsam. It cures promptly and always cures thoroughly.

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Bush House Block,
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"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

Another Case of Varioloid.

Williamsport "News": The attention of the health authorities of South Williamsport was called to the fact that a case of supposed smallpox exists in the lower end of that borough. The afflicted person is aged about 17 years and is said to be a resident of Lock Haven. He is being cared for at the home of his uncle, Wm. George, on the South Side, whose house, together with that of a neighbor, has been quarantined.

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All druggists.

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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

BRYAN should take warning from previous results and refrain from talking "The Commoner" to death.

GUNNER MORGAN may be an obscure and lowly individual but he snuffed out two Vice-Admirals, all the same.

AND now it is President Hadley of Yale who is looking under his bed to see if by any chance an Emperor had hidden himself there.

WITH State legislatures absorbed with kidnapping and wife beating measures the trusts probably feel that they will get off light this year.

IF the present rate of surrenders in the Philippines continues, before long the only rebels will be the unreconstructed Aguinaldoites in this country.

ONE of the doctors who attended Senator Cushman K. Davis in his last illness wants $2,000 for his services. It will be recalled that Senator Davis died.

THERE were 26,418 patents granted at the patent office in Washington last year. This would seem to shatter the theory that there is nothing new under the sun.

INDIANA has adopted a plan to discourage lynchers that seems likely to work like a charm. She simply removes a sheriff who permits his prisoner to be lynched.

RECRUITS are said to be coming in very fast for the new army. Evidently neither the tales of hardships in the Philippines nor the abolition of the army canteen has had a deterrent effect.

ACCORDING to the findings of some scientists books in the public libraries are full of disease breeding germs, and yet Andrew Carnegie goes right on aiding in the spread of these deadly microbes.

THE public is warned that fine counterfeit $1,000 bills are in circulation. However, there is not much danger that the plain people will be victimized this time. We have no fears of one of 'em coming our way.

LIEUTENANT GENERAL MILES gets $11,000 a year, but he has to buy his own clothes. As he is said to adorn himself in Solomon-like grandeur it may be inferred that a goodly portion of his annual stipend goes on his back.

MOST of the Hawaiian legislators, it is said, cannot speak English. That's nothing! Many United States congressmen cannot speak English either. For proof of this read their speeches in the "Congressional Record."

STRANGERS at the inauguration were taken aback by the way in which President McKinley goes around the streets of Washington without protection. Judging from the imperial talk of the Democrats and from Cleveland's example they expected to find him with at least a portion of the twenty-two guards with which his predecessor surrounded himself.

AN UNWARRANTED EXAGGERATION.

In a recent issue the REPUBLICAN expressed at length an opinion concerning a measure before the State Legislature which is designed to change the present method of selecting the trustees of the Pennsylvania State College and to place the authority of their appointment in the hands of the Governor of the State and in so doing giving to him the power of directing the management of the institution.

The REPUBLICAN ventured the opinion that the State College could be transformed into a formidable political agency and it relied upon apparent evidence on this point to sustain its judgment. With the honor and future of the college only in view the REPUBLICAN urged that it should be kept free from politics; that it should be continued as the representative seat of learning of the farming community and that the politician should be kept out of its management, faculty and board of trustees.

The REPUBLICAN'S view of the character and ultimate results of the pending State College "Ripper" legislation has called forth the following sarcastic and severe comment of the Phœnixville "Messenger":

"The remarkable in what our contemporary of Centre county has to say concerning the State College is its ignorance, real or assumed, and the evident obscuration of its mental vision. We are so incited to remark by the opening sentences in the first and third paragraphs of its editorial, to wit:

"'That the State College could be transformed into a formidable political agency is evident.'

"'Keep our State College out of politics.'

"Why, bless you, gentlemen of the *Republican*, don't you know that the State College is a political nest of the most active and virulent kind?

"Don't you know that its president, Mr. Atherton, is as slick a manipulator of methods that count, as we have in the broad domain of our great Commonwealth, Brother Quay not excepted?

"Don't you know that the State College faculty is a political product from A to Izzard; that the average teaching ability of its individual members is so low that according to the printed reports of the institution there is one of them to every five pupils?

"Don't you know that some of the 'Professors' are drawing two salaries, one for supposed service to the College, and the other to farmers in institute and other work?

"Don't you know this: That the sons of men having a political pull can be educated there very much cheaper than the sons of men not enjoying that privilege?

"If you do not know that all these questions above propounded can be answered affirmatively you have neglected your opportunities for observation. If you say you know none of them to be true, then is your density intense."

The REPUBLICAN is frank to admit its inability to subscribe to the truth of the allegations expressed in the foregoing interrogations. From our range of observation, which is much closer than that of the "Messenger," and our personal acquaintance with the college president and his corps of professors and instructors we feel that we can truthfully and honestly question the correctness of our Chester county contemporary's extreme position with reference to the "state of things" at the Pennsylvania State College.

We are equally positive, however, that if ever the management of the college falls into the hands of the machine gang, who now seek to become its administrative power through its board of trustees, much that the "Messenger" charges and more, too, in truth may in time and in justice be said of the college and its system of control. Again we urge, keep the institution free from the harmful influences of politics, and keep its management, faculty and trustees beyond the reach of the manipulations of designing politicians.

CONSIDERING that American trade, according to reports, has thriven beyond all precedent since Russia took hold of Manchuria and policed that turbulent country, and that Russia gives formal assurances that American development there shall not be molested in any manner there seems to be no special reason for Uncle Sam to interfere in the matter.

WHAT MIGHT HAVE BEEN: WHAT IS.

Not in the century history of Centre county has its judicial representative been the subject of such severe and stinging, yes, and we must add, deserving, criticism as has fallen to the lot of the present incumbent of the Centre county bench—Judge Love. Entering upon his judicial tenure with the confidence, respect and esteem of his neighbors and fellow-citizens and with a full knowledge—gained from the experience and fate of others who attempted to combine political activity with judicial obligations—that the success of his judicial administration was largely dependent upon his determination to stand aloof from political contentions, Judge Love held within his grasp all the honor and distinction of a judicial career far above the average. No one disputed his intellectual capacity. No one questioned his legal acumen. He was on all sides recognized as an eminently qualified successor to those brilliant jurists of other days whose splendid judicial service made the Centre county courts famous and renowned throughout the State.

Just why Judge Love turned aside from the straight and narrow path of judicial deportment and elected himself as leader of a political faction to wade through the mire of corrupt politics in a fruitless effort to avenge, it is presumed, an imaginary wrong upon a man who, it can be irrefutably stated, effected his nomination and supplied the money with which he conducted his campaign, no one but himself knows.

The first false step lead on to others and today Judge Love, in the latter years of a judicial term which began under such favorable prospects and so full of promise for a bright and distinguished career, is regarded as one of the most notorious political judges in the State of Pennsylvania and as one of the most willing and subservient tools of the Quay machine. At no time since his advent into active politics while wearing the judicial ermine has he attempted to work under cover, therefore, all know how earnestly and aggressively he has labored for the interest of the machine to which he has publicly acclaimed his allegiance, and none will deny that he is not justly entitled to the credit of being a "political judge."

That he permitted his Court to be used for the purpose of defending Governor Stone's unconstitutional veto of a part of the public school appropriation when he knew that the "test case" of the Patton school district had no jurisdiction in the Centre county court, is sufficient proof in itself of his utter subserviency to the will and behest of his machine allies.

It would be idle to suppose that Judge Love has "done those things he ought not to have done and left undone those things he ought to have done" just for love of Quay and his machine cronies. In his first attempt to humiliate General Hastings he got so deep into the slush of political degradation that there was no hope of restoration to his former high place of dignity and public esteem. He burned his bridges behind him and then there was nothing left to do but make the most of his remaining opportunities.

Judge Love has shown his disposition to perform all the requirements of his machine bosses and no doubt has received promises of substantial reward. This reward he deemed in sight when the new Federal court was given to Pennsylvania. He wants to be the Federal judge of the new court and very likely his machine sponsors would give him the plum were it not for the fact that Judge Archbald, of Lackawanna county, is in the way.

Archbald is a machine political judge, too, and has many claims upon the gang at Harrisburg for recognition. He, too, used his court to defend the machine by ruling a few days since in a "test case" that the second-class city charter bill—the "Ripper" bill as it is generally known—recently passed by the Legislature and approved by the Governor was constitutional.

Judge Love may receive his reward some day, but we do not believe it will be in the nature of a Federal judgeship. When it comes, however, no matter what its character, it will not compensate for the sacrifices he has made to win the favor of Quay and his gang. You cannot handle pitch without becoming defiled and you cannot be a factor in the Quay machine without loss of honor and the respect of honest and law-abiding citizen—sthe penalty for evil association.

Elsewhere on this page are editorials from several prominent Philadelphia journals upon the subject of Judge Love's and Judge Archbald's aspirations to the Federal bench. Read them and you will obtain a pretty good idea of how our Court, not to mention that of Lackawanna county, is regarded by those who are qualified to judge character and judicial fitness and capacity.

IN THE EYES OF OTHERS.

Neither Should Be Chosen.

From Philadelphia Times, March 14.

The Judiciary, both State and national, should not only be free from stained records, but should be free from the appearance of lacking in integrity. This necessity is forcibly recalled by the fact that the two men proposed for the new United States Judgeship in this State, have both been severely assailed, not in the heat of partisan discussion but in solemn judicial deliverances.

The active candidates for the new United States Judgeship are Judge Archbald, of Lackawanna, and Judge Love, of Centre, both of whom stand assailed in their personal integrity on the judicial records of the State. Judge Archbald was himself the accuser of Judge Love. He sat in a case in Centre county in which he decided against Judge Love on the ground that Love had been guilty of "direct fraud" in a transaction as a member of the bar, while Judge Archbald was defeated in the Supreme Court in an important case, and Justice Williams in delivering the opinion of the Court, declared that Archbald's action "was an evasion of the law and a fraud upon the public."

Whatever explanations may be made as to these grave accusations which stand on record against both the active candidates for the United States Judgeship, it must be confessed by every fair-minded citizen that the man who goes into the court of the United States to administer the laws of the nation in justice between man and man, should himself have an entirely clean record. Both of these men have been offensive partisans, and offensive to an extent entirely beyond what is compatible with the duties of a Judge, and if the interests of public justice are to control the appointment of a Judge, neither of them should be chosen.

Two of a Kind.

From North American, March 14.

Judge John G. Love, of Centre county, and Judge R. W. Archbald, of Lackawanna county, are rival aspirants for a seat on the Federal bench. Both are eminently qualified for the honor, according to the machine's standard of judgment, since both are assiduous servants of Mr. Quay. It is true that Judge Archbald, sitting in Judge Love's own court, held that only the statute of limitations saved the latter from prosecution for fraud. It is also true that the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania found Judge Archbald guilty of participation in a swindle. But Judges Love and Archbald, so far from losing standing with their master by reason of these blemishes, are the more valued, for the machine is engaged in a deliberate and persistent effort to debauch the judiciary, State and Federal.

The facts as to Love and Archbald have been laid before President McKinley. It is inconceivable that he can be induced by the Quay influence to degrade the bench and outrage the people of Pennsylvania by appointing either of these men to a high judicial office.

SENATOR HANNA says that President McKinley has no desire for a third term and that any assertions that he has are arrant nonsense. This is well. McKinley has been a good and able President, but the rule that was enforced against Grant should not be relaxed for anyone.

Love, of Centre, Aspires to Appointment in Federal Court.

SAVED BY LAW'S LIMIT

Charged From His Own Bench with Professional Fraud, Statute Barring Punishment.

From the Philadelphia North American.

Two Quay Judges of county courts, Archbald, of Lackawanna, and Love, of Centre, are rival candidates for appointment to the Judgeship of the newly-created Middle District Federal Court of Pennsylvania. Archbald seems to have the inside track, but Love's daring feats of service for the Quay machine have given him strong claims for the place.

The two aspirants have records which should entitle each of them to the hearty support and approbation of the machine. Among the documents said to have been presented to President McKinley, in order that he might estimate the character and fitness of these two political judges, for elevation to the Federal Court bench, are the printed reports of court cases in which their reputations for integrity were cast in the balance. The judgment was "Found Wanting," if the judicial findings in the cases involved are to be accepted.

Curiously enough, Archbald was himself the judge who pronounced judgment against his friend Love's claims of integrity. After Love was elevated to the bench in Centre county he was made defendant in a suit over the sale of property in which he had acted as attorney some years before. He sent for Archbald to come from Scranton to Bellefonte and sit specially in the case. After hearing the evidence, the Lackawanna judge was obliged to render the opinion that Love had been guilty of a gross fraud. Sitting in Love's place upon the bench, Archbald told the former that "nothing but the statute of limitations saved him."

The case in which Judge Love figured was that involving the settlement of the estate of the late Col. Daniel G. Bush, who left a large amount of valuable real estate in Bellefonte at the time of his death. A trust company held a mortgage against it for something like $30,000, which was a first lien. The second lien was a judgment in the courts of the United States by A. C. Moore, amounting to about $18,000. There were two other junior liens, owned by residents of Bellefonte, for smaller sums.

Love was not upon the bench at the time, being a practicing attorney at Bellefonte. He undertook to sell the entire property on the mortgage. He bought up the two judgments of his neighbors in order that they might not be adverse bidders at the sale. He advertised the sale upon the mortgage under an old act of Assembly of 1705, which required only ten days' time in which to make a sale. He made a private bargain with the Sheriff to reduce his poundage or fees to a minimum, in order to save the legitimate expenses of the sale, and then informed the sheriff and interested parties that his purpose in doing all this was to cut out a claim or judgment in the Circuit court.

In other words, and in fact, Love's purpose was to have the property bid off at a figure far below its actual value in order that Moore would not realize anything upon his claim. Mr. Moore, living in another State, would probably not hear of this snap action.

LOVE'S SCHEME CARRIED OUT.

Love's scheme was carried out to the letter. The two judgment creditors received notes for their claims, and, according to the arrangement, took no part in the bidding. Mr. Moore's claim of $18,000 was not represented because he had no knowledge of the sale. The valuable property, perhaps the most valuable in Bellefonte, was struck off to Love at a mere nominal sum.

Some years afterward Moore's executors, Moore having meanwhile died, learning of this condition of affairs, employed counsel and entered legal proceedings in the courts of Centre county to set aside the sale on the ground that a gross fraud had been committed, by which they lost $18,000.

It was sought to set aside the sale on the ground of the above alleged fraud. In the meantime Love had been elevated to the bench, and he invited his friend, Judge Archbald, of Scranton, to come over to Bellefonte to hear and determine the case.

SAVED BY STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.

After listening to all the facts and arguments, Archbald decided that Love had committed a gross fraud, and nothing but the statute of limitations saved him.

In his findings, Judge Archbald said, in his opening sentence: "It is with great reluctance that I find there was fraud in this transaction." He then proceeds to the discussion of the case and says: "It is just here, however, that the evidence of direct fraud comes in. Sheriff Walker testifies squarely and with a particularity that cannot be explained away, that in two different conversations it was declared by Judge Love, who was acting at the time as the attorney for Mr. Tome, as well as for Mrs. Bush, that the sale was to be a nominal one, for the mere purpose of changing title and cutting off a judgment in the United States Circuit court on an obligation given by Mr. Bush with others as bail for the Beaver Mills, manifestly referring in this to the judgment of Mr. Moore. This was urged upon the Sheriff as a reason for reducing his poundage, and a reduction was secured from him in consequence.

FRAUD WAS EVIDENT.

"Further than that, when Mr. Bush and Mr. Harper, as judgment creditors, asserted their intention of protecting themselves by bidding at the sale, an arrangement was at once made to pay them off so that they might not be interested to do so. But the fact that they were bought off in this way confirms the idea that the purpose of the sale was to get the property for as little as possible, cutting off Mr. Moore just as is asserted.

"Nor does this rest upon the testimony of Sheriff Walker alone According to Mr. Bower, who acted in the matter as Attorney for Mr. Harper, it was repeated in his hearing at Judge Love's office, and he is equally explicit as to what was said He is not sure whether Mrs. Bush was present, so as to make the statement evidence against her, but Sheriff Walker is, and this supplies the deficiency.

"Against this, we have merely the declaration of Judge Love that he has no recollection of making any such statement, either to Mr. Walker or Mr. Bower, and that he does not believe that he did, but this is not such a denial as ought to prevail against the positive testimony to the contrary of these gentlemen. Judge Love further says there was no arrangement by which anybody was prevented from bidding, and this is true, and I have so found.

CUT OUT ONE CREDITOR.

"But the practical effect of the purchase of these judgments and the manifest purpose of it still remain. As lien creditors subsequent in rank to the mortgage, as well as to the judgment of Mr. Moore, if Mr. Walker and Mr. Harper took steps as they intended to do to protect themselves, they would have had to bid until their own judgments were covered, and this would have paid off the Moore judgment and made the property cost about all that it was worth, a thing that the parties effecting the sale desired to avoid, if they were trying to get as much benefit out of it as possible."

Again Judge Archbald says: "The case really hangs, therefore, in the view I take of it, on the testimony of Mr. Bower and Sheriff Walker, and while I am not prepared to infer fraud from any of the rest of the evidence, where it is directly sworn to, as it is by these gentlemen, I cannot refuse to do so, however reluctant I may be. I do not mean, however, to suggest, and I cannot believe, that there was a deliberate plan on the part of any one to cheat Mr. Moore out of his judgment.

SOUGHT AN "ADVANTAGE."

"What I think was in the minds of the parties was that, being a non-resident, he might not get notice of the sale, and so not appear to protect his interests, and regarding this as a legitimate advantage they sought to have the benefit of it. He might appear, however, and if he did the property was put up fairly, and there was nothing to stand in his way from bidding upon it. But the chances were that he would not, and of this, no doubt, Mrs. Bush sought to avail herself.

"It must be confessed that the amicable scire facias and the sale almost immediately following it contributed to this, and we can hardly escape the conclusion in view of the evidence that that was the purpose of them. But the chief mistake was in buying off threatened bidders, the object of which is unmistakable. This was a legal, if not an actual fraud, and the consequence of the two in the eyes of the law are very little different."

SENATOR MCLAUREN, of South Carolina, has abandoned the Democratic party and joined the Republicans, showing that negro disfranchisement is likely to work out in a way totally unexpected by its authors. Now that this incubus of black domination has been removed the South can divide on political lines—and it shows a strong tendency to do so, too.

—The Legislative apportionment bill introduced in the Senate on Wednesday by Senator Emery, raises the membership in the House from 204 to 210. It also reduces the representation of Centre county—among others—from two members to one.

THE OLDEST MAN IN AMERICA

Mr. Isaac Brock, Born in Buncombe Co., North Carolina, March 1, 1788, Says: "I attribute my extreme old age to the use of Peruna."

Born before United States was formed.

Saw 22 Presidents elected.

Pe-ru-na has protected him from all sudden changes.

Veteran of four wars.

Shod a horse when 99 years old.

Always conquered the grippe with Pe-ru-na.

Witness in a land suit at age of 110 years.

believes Pe-ru-na the greatest remedy of the age for catarrhal diseases.

Isaac Brock, a citizen of McLennan county, Texas, has lived 111 years. He now lives with his son-in-law at Valley Mills, Texas.

In speaking of his good health and extreme old age, Mr. Brock says:

"After a man has lived in the world as long as I have, he ought to have found out a great many things by experience.

"One of the things I have found out to my entire satisfaction is the proper remedy for ailments that are due directly to the effects of the climate.

"During my long life I have known a great many remedies for coughs, colds, catarrh and diarrhœa. I had always supposed these affections to be different diseases, but in reading Dr. Hartman's books I have found out that these affections are the same and that they are properly called catarrh.

"I had several long sieges with the grip. At first I did not know that Peruna was a remedy for this disease. When I heard that la grippe was epidemic catarrh, I tried Peruna for la grippe and found it to be just the thing.

"As for Dr. Hartman's remedy, Pe-ru-na, I have found it to be the best, if not the only, reliable remedy for these affections. It has been my standby for many years, and I attribute my good health and extreme old age to this remedy.

Very truly yours,

Isaac Brock,

For a free book on catarrh, address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

JOHN A. NEWMAN DEAD.

He had Long Been a Sufferer from Cancer of the Liver—Funeral Thursday.

John A. Newman, one of the best known and most esteemed citizens of Tyrone died at his home at 7 o'clock Monday morning. He was afflicted with cancer of the liver, having suffered severely for the past two years. He had not been able to work for nine months, and for the past month he was confined to his bed.

John Amos Newman was born at Hannah Furnace, Centre county, March 15, 1856, and his age was therefore only 3 days less than 45 years. He has been a resident of Tyrone for twenty-two years, his vocation being brakeman on the Tyrone division of the Pennsylvania railroad. The deceased was a genial, industrious and worthy man, one who filled an honorable place in his community. He was a consistent Christian, having been a member of the Columbia Avenue M. E. church. He was also a member of Sinking Spring lodge No. 127, Knights of Pythias, and of the P. R. R. Relief department. Mrs. Newman, whose maiden name was Harriet Lewis, survives her husband; along with three children, Ella May, Annie Bliss and Samuel Boyd. William Newman, father of the deceased, resides at Port Matilda. Surviving also are two half-brothers and two half-sisters: Harry, of Philipsburg; Philip and Rebecca of Port Matilda; and Mrs. George Flick, of Julian.

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. J. D. W. Weaver Ph. D., at the Columbia avenue church Thursday afternoon, and the burial followed at Bald Eagle cemetery, with the ceremonies of the Knights of Pythias.

A REPUTATION.

How it was Made and Retained in Bellefonte.

A good reputation is not easily earned, and it was only by hard, consistent work among our citizens that Doan's Kidney Pills won their way to the proud distinction attained in this locality. The public endorsement of scores of Bellefonte residents has rendered invaluable services to the community. Read what this citizen says:

Mrs. L. A. Miles of High street, says: —"I was very much troubled with my back and with rheumatism. This latter affected my heart and besides I had neuralgia. My rest was very much broken from nervousness and the kidney secretions embarrassed me when my back was aching badly. I was told about Doan's Kidney Pills by a young woman who had come 17 miles to get them and she appeared surprised that I was not acquainted with their merits. I immediately went to the Bush Block drug store and got them. Well, they did any amount of good. I was astonished at the result of their use for the pain and lameness soon left me. They also banished the tired feeling, I had mornings. I can conscientiously recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N, Y. sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

Wants $200,000.

Mr. James Wolfenden, a public spirited citizen of Lamar, has issued a circular letter addressed to "Our Governor, Law Makers and the People," in which the advantages of Lamar as an ideal location for the state capital are shown.

Mr. Wolfenden wants the Legislature to appropriate $200,000 for the improvement of Fishing creek, and says:

"The following resolution, adopted at Farmers' Institute, Lamar, Pa., March 2, 1901, is respectfully presented to your kindly consideration and aid towards a more intelligent distribution of labor in the interior:

"FARMERS' INSTITUTE,
LAMAR, PA., March 2, 1901.

"GENTLEMEN:—Kindly acknowledging that the Farmers' Institutes are valuable prompters, methinks there are great omissions on the water question, for barns, gardens and homes, the cutting away of the forests that made vast basins by leaves, we now have droughts and floods that widen the streams of three-fold injurious effects, reduction of tillagable lands and by the exposure of unnecessary water surface. It permits greater evaporation and excessive humidity alongside of Fishing creek, and the said stream is no longer a reliable water power, and in this age of steam it can be of more value as irrigator and hydrant supply to barns and homes for one thousand people by using the mountain basins and deepening Fishing creek. Therefore, be it recommended by this convention that we appeal to our governor and law makers to appropriate two hundred thousand ($200,000) dollars to build a salamander stone dam and lake near Tylersville and improve said creek at and below Lamar.

"Respectfully yours,
"JAMES WOLFENDEN."

Sawed to Pieces.

DuBois Courier:—The remains of Chas. Smith passed through here on a B. R. & P. train on Saturday on the way from Summerville to his home at Smicksburg, Indiana county. Mr. Smith met a terrible death at the first named place on Friday afternoon.

He operated a small saw mill at that place and was engaged at some work around a circular saw when his clothing caught and dragged him into it. He was cut to pieces before the other hands could shut down the machinery. The saw passed through his body and both arms, severing the latter near the elbows. The head and upper part of the body rolled away from the saw, but the remainder of the body was cut into pieces which were gathered up in a basket.

Mr. Smith's father runs an undertaking establishment at Summerville and he was notified to go to the mill and prepare for burial the remains of a man who was killed there. His astonishment was great on finding it was his own son that was the victim. The dead man leaves a wife and one child at Smicksburg.

APPOINTMENTS to posts in the new army will be restricted almost altogether to the volunteer officers now in the service. Not only are these trained men but they are for the most part already on the ground, to say nothing of being, generally speaking, deserving of reward.

WHAT WAS THE HARVEST IN PROFIT?

The National Department of Agriculture estimates that the farmers of the United States received $1,861,466,000 for corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, potatoes and hay raised by them last year. This gives only one side of the account. The department does not pretend to estimate the cost of producing these crops. Were it able to do so with some approach to accuracy it would be possible to form an idea of the profits of the American farmers for 1900. Reasonably correct information on this subject would be valuable and interesting, but the difficulties in the way of getting it are perhaps insurmountable. The value of the product for last year was enormous and it is reasonable to suppose that the profit was equally large. The agriculturists of the boundless west produced the big end of the output and they naturally received the lion's share of the profit.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey:

Franklin P. Flory, of Tusseyville, and Cevilla L. Crader, of Spring Mills.

William Kennedy and Lizzie Pennington both of State College.

Thomas L. Moore, of Centre Hall, and Lillie E. Christine, of Elysburg, Northumberland county, Pa.

—Lewistown Electric Light, Heat and Power Company stock appears to be in demand. Several weeks ago a Bloomsburg company went to Lewistown and procured an option on the majority of the stock at $40 per share and was to have 60 days in which to pay for same. Last week a party from Williamsport appeared on the scene and offered $45 per share, and the former agreement was lost sight of as the extra $5 per share loomed up so big and the latter company gobbled the stock. Now there are rumors of law suits and damage cases which causes the lawyers to smile.

—Consumption was placed on the list of contagious diseases by the board of health of Philadelphia Tuesday, and physicians must now report to the health officer all cases and deaths. It is not the intention of the board to isolate victims of the disease. The work of the members is to be purely educational. It will consist of advice on questions of precautionary methods. Medicines and disinfectants will be supplied to worthy poor patients.

—The Methodist Episcopal congregation of Pottsville has decided to erect an $80,000 church. The building will be located on Garfield Square on a lot purchased some time ago.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, March 19th, 1901.

Secretary Root has a record as a patient man, but those American and European interests, which, having failed to accomplish their purpose in Washington are now operating in Cuba to prevent the acceptance of the conditions named by Congress by the Cubans, may discover that there is a limit to his patience, and the discovery may be accompanied by an exposure that will not be relished by those exposed. These interests would like to have the Cubans think that they are working for them, but as a matter of fact, they are working to make American control permanent, forgetting, or rather ignoring the fact that our national honor is pledged to turn Cuba over to the Cubans just as soon as they demonstrate their ability to undertake the responsibilities of self-government. When these interests were working in Washington, their arguments were that it was necessary for the great property interests of the island that American control should be continued indefinitely; now they are seeking the same end by trying to persuade the Cubans that the conditions named are hard and unjust and that if they refuse to accept them, they will be modified by the next Congress. Of coarse, they know better, but they can have a new argument ready after the next Congress fails to change the conditions, if they succeed in beguiling the Cubans into standing in their own light. Meanwhile American control will continue.

Before recovering from the shock of ex-President Harrison's death, Washington received a fresh shock through the sudden death of Hon. Marriott Brosius, of Pennsylvania, Chairman of the Committee of Banking and Currency of the last House. When Mr. Brosius left Washington, after the adjournment of Congress, he was apparently in robust health. He was a member of the House for ten years and was deservedly popular among his colleagues and in Washington.

Senator Allison and Representative Hepburn, of Iowa, tiring of the misrepresentations of the reason for the return to the U. S. of Minister Conger, have given out an authoritative statement, based upon information obtained personally by them from President McKinley and Secretary Hay. This statement may be thus briefed: Minister Conger is coming home on leave of absence, asked for by himself; his conduct of the important negotiations in Pekin have been entirely satisfactory to President McKinley, and so far as the President or Secretary of the State know, Mr. Conger intends to return to his post at Pekin, at the expiration of his leave of absence, if he does not, it will simply be because he does not wish to do so.

Secretary Long has some idea about the kind of testimonial that ought to be given to battleships by citizens of the states after which they are named, as may be seen from the following letter sent by him to Representative Bull, of R. I., in answer to an inquiry: "I would not suggest a silver service as a gift from the State of Rhode Island to the battleship named for it. Such a service must necessarily be kept inclosed, and my idea of a proper memorial is something which everybody can see. The best one I know is that given by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to the battleship Massachusetts—a bronze figure of Victory in front of the forward turret. I think West Virginia has in mind a bronze reproduction of the Coat of Arms of that State. I think it would be well to appoint a committee of two or three with a view to consultation with some good artist. Was not Commodore Perry a native of Rhode Island? If so, a statue of him or his relief would be worth considering."

Gold in the U. S. Treasury continues to increase at the rate of more than five million a month, and that ratio of increase is likely to continue until July 1, when the revenue reduction law will go into effect. that law reduced the revenue about $40,000,000 a year. Treasurer Roberts thinks that will stop the increase of gold in the treasury, but does not expect it to reduce the total, which now amounts to $232,913,022, and will probably succeed half a billion of dollars by the first of July.

If Commissioner Evans retires from the head of the Pension Bureau, as it is generally believed he will in the near future, his successor is practically certain to be a western man. Capt. Palmer, of N. Y., ex-Commander in Chief of the G. A. R., who was regarded as a promising candidate, is not being urged by the New York Senators, since Col. Sanger, of that State was appointed Assistant Secretary of War.

Mr. Charles H. Duell, Commissioner of Patents, has tendered his resignation to the President to take effect upon the appointment and qualification of his successor.

Owing to a reduction of $100,000 in the appropriation for the collection of Internal Revenue for the fiscal year beginning July 1, there will have to be a reduction in the clerical force in the office of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, in Washington, as well as in a number of collection districts throughout the country.

Time is Money to Schwab.

C. M. Schwab who is to receive $1,000,000 per annum as President of the billion dollar steel trust is the highest salaried employe in the world. His enormous salary by divisions of time means $20,000 per week, $3,333.33 per day, $416.66 per hour, $6.94 per minute and over 11 cents per second.

CORRESPONDENCE

AARONSBURG NEWS..

Last Monday was a beautiful spring day, notwithstanding some of the byroads are still almost bank full of snow.

H. E. Crouse made a business trip to Lock Haven and Renovo last week.

Herb Smull and wife of Kreamerville were visitors to friends in this place one day last week.

James Weaver and wife, A. S. Stover and wife and Elmer Limbert, all of this place, attended Mr. Tressler's sale at Oak Hall last Monday.

J. E. Lenker, of Lemont, was the guest of his mother last Monday and Tuesday.

Lewis Baily & Son, of Nittany, valley, were visiting Charles Bower on North 2nd street last Sunday.

J. C. Rote and wife of Axeman came down last Monday to see the gentleman's sick brother D. H. Rote who is at this writing seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Reigle of Union county, are visiting at the residence of J. H. Wyle in this place.

Two of our most respected citizens are seriously ill—ex-squire D. H. Rote and J. H. Wyle, the former has been ill for some months but for the past few days has been lingering between life and death—the latter retired as usual with his family last Thursday evening apparently in good health, during the night he had a stroke of paralysis, his condition at this writing is very serious and is not expected to recover.

Two cancer victims, one in the morning, the other in the evening of the same day and members of the same family. The first victim was Miss Margaret Stover of an internal cancer died in the early morning of the 12th inst, at the age of 58 years. She was the daughter of David W. Stover who died about 6 hours afterwards of an external cancer. The remains of both were interred in the same grave at Wolfs Chapel cemetery the following Friday morning. Rev. Buck, of the United Evangelical church conducted the services assisted by Rev. Brown of the Reformed church. Mr. Stover's age was 82 years and 6 months. They resided about 2 miles northeast of Aaronsburg.

Beech Creek's Lampposts.

The lampposts in Beech Creek have been decorated with placards bearing the sentence. "These posts for sale." The citizens could not understand the notice but when they recalled the fact that the lights had not been lighted for some time they came to the conclusion that some one thought that there was no further use for the posts, hence had fastened the notices to them.

Having their Easter Vacation.

On account of the Hughes—Graham wedding which will occurr at Mt. Washington this evening the students and teachers at the Academy are having their Easter vacation. The boys who have gone home are Harry Stevens to Cape May; John Mahaffey, with Raymond R. Russell as his guest, will visit the Mahaffey home at Mahaffey; Merville Russell will go to his home at Butler, Pa.

Woman's Exchange.

Open every Friday and Saturday afternoons. Home-made bread and rolls, hand biscuits, layer and small cakes, saratoga chips, souse jelly, marmalade and jellies. Orders taken at the rooms on Friday afternoon or by telephone through the week for deserts, croquets, pies etc. Home made mustard and mayonnaise dressing. Telephone—682 684.

—Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Charles Stone Hughes, of Philadelphia, to Miss Emma Virginia Graham, of Mt. Washington, Baltimore county, Md. The happy event will take place in St. John's Episcopal church at Mt. Washington, Thursday evening, March 21st at 5:30 o'clock. Mr. Hughes is the second son of Rev. Jame P. Hughes, of this place, and is now in the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad company at Philadelphia.

—Telford Sunderling, a New York Central brakeman on the Beech Creek road, was thrown through the window of his caboose by the train giving a sudden start below Youngdale Friday morning. He sustained an ugly gash in the head and several bruises. He was taken to his home in Jersey Shore.

—The body of an unknown man was found floating in the river ten miles above Lock Haven Friday by the crew of a raft. The body was taken ashore and an inquest will be held. The features of the unknown indicate that he was a Hungarian.

—Charles Carr, a brakeman on the C. and M., division of the B. R. and P., fell under the wheels at Rockton Wednesday and was cut in two. His wife and two children reside at Jersey Shore, to which place his remains were sent for interment.

—An ice jam, which turned Beech creek from its course, isolated Eagleville, deluged meadows and drowned chickens was dynamited out of existence Wednesday and the stream restored to its proper channel.

—William Hetzel, a rolling mill operator at Duncansville, Blair county, drank a quart of whiskey at a dose to drive off a chill, and went to bed. In an hour he was a corpse.

THE YOUNG MAN'S CHANCES TO DAY.

Such Opportunities to Win Success Have Never Before Been Offered.

"A young man of capacity, industry and integrity has a field for individual effort such as has never before existed in this country," writes Edward Bok of "The Times and the Young Man," in the March "Ladies' Home Journal." "And success is neither harder nor easier than it ever was. Success never yet came to the laggard and it never will. Let a young man be capable; have enterprise, be willing to work and carry himself like a man, and he goes where he will. His success depends upon himself. No times, no conditions, no combinations of capital can stop a young man who has a determination to honorably succeed and who is willing to work according to the very utmost of his capacity and sinews of strength. The real trouble is that the average young man won't work. He has gotten the insane notion into his head that success comes by luck; that men are made by opportunities which either come to them or are thrust upon them. And he waits for luck or a chance to come along and find him. Instead of taking a sane view of conditions and seeing with a clear mind that as trade widens opportunities increase, he takes the mistaken view that the rich are getting richer and the poor poorer. These are the conditions of mind and life which are keeping thousands of young men down and will keep them down. The times are all right. It is the young man who finds fault with them who is not."

—Andrew Carnegie has promised to give New York city sixty-five branch libraries, at an approximate cost of $5,200,000, providing the city furnishes the sites and maintains the structures. A gift of $1,000,000 has been promised to St. Louis on like conditions.

—The contract for the proposed new Eighth Avenue Methodist church at Altoona has been let. The church will cost about $25,000.

—The transport Hancock has arrived at San Francisco from Manila with the Thirteenth Infantry.

Public Sales.

MONDAY, MARCH 25—J. S. Rumberger on the Reynolds farm No. 1, one mile west of Roopsburg mill, at 1 o'clock p. m.: 4 horses cows shoats, young cattle, wagons, sleds, harness, farming implements, and a lot of goods too numerous to mention. Wm. Gobeen, auct.

TUESDAY, MARCH 26—By Robert Cook, on the Abram Poorman farm, 1½ miles north of Brown's store, in Boggs Township, at 1 o'clock p. m.: 2 horses, 3 cows, 5 head of young cattle, 2 shoats, buggies, wagons, farm implements, and household goods. David Wentzel, auct.

PUBLIC SALE.

Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, Pa., will sell at his residence, Rhoneymede, three milles west of the Old Fort, Centre county, ninety head of live stock embracing Morgan and French Coach horses and colts, Holstein cattle, Shropshire sheep, Berkshire swine, including farm implements.

While these animals have not been registered they have been bred from registered sires for three and four generations.

A rare opportunity to buy well bred stock, Sale begins at 10 A. M., March 29th, 1901.

j2-3m

REAL ESTATE,

Loan And Title Co.

Of Centre County.

JOHN C. MILLER, President.
EDMUND BLANCHARD, Secretary.
J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Treasurer

Real Estate and Conveyancing.

Valuable Town and Country property for sale or rent.
Properties cared for and rents collected.
Loans Negotiated.
Titles Examined.
Certified Abstracts of Titles furnished upon application.
If you have a Farm or Town Property for sale or rent place it in our hands.
If you wish to buy or rent a farm or house consult us.
If you wish to borrow money call on us.
Is your title clear? It is to your interest to know. It is our's to assure you.

OFFICE:
Room 3, - Bush Arcade, - Bellefonte

A Long Distance TELEPHONE

Combines perfect local service with advantages coming from all LONG DISTANCE subscribers.

From a commercial standpoint the Telephone yields a larger profit on the investment than anything else in the world. As a

Household Equipment

its value cannot be estimated.

The Rates are Moderate.

Central Penna. Telephone & Supply Company,

WATER SPECTACLE.

BEAUTIFUL FOUNTAIN EFFECTS FOR THE PAN-AMERICAN.

Unexampled Sights to Be Provided For Visitors to the Exposition. Will Use 35,000 Gallons of Water Per Minute For This Feature.

When visitors to the Pan-American Exposition view the fountain diplays, they will be inclined to wonder where all the water comes from, so plentiful will be the supply. It will be with these fountain displays the same as it will be with the electrical exhibit. There will be a point, a place, at which the display will increase in beauty and extent until the climax is attained in and about the Electric Tower and the basin thereof. So extensive will this be that all will recognize the beauty of the display and look in wondering admiration upon the spectacle, which is destined to be one of the most remarkable features of the Exposition.

The pumping plant that will supply the water effects will be located in the Court of the Machinery and Transportation building. It will consist of 12 pumps having a total capacity of 35,000 gallons of water per minute.

The engines are all to be belted to their respective pump units, and they will be required to be in service from 10 o'clock in the morning until 11:15 o'clock at night, a period of 13¼ hours. Estimating their capacity at 35,000 gallons of water each minute, it is evident that each day during the time they are to be in service they could pump the enormous amount of 27,825,000 gallons of water. This water will be used to serve the fountain displays at the Electric Tower and basin and also the Court of Fountains, including the Fountain of Abundance. The water will be taken from an intake located at the north end of the Court of Fountains basin through a 48 inch suction pipe. It will be delivered by the pumps through 16 inch and 20 inch pipes at a pressure of 110 pounds per square inch to the fountain orifices. From these orifices the water will stream in all shapes from the finest spray jet to the solid stream inches thick that will rise high in the air.

At the Fountain of Abundance the sight will be all the name implies. There will be an abundance of water, and it will be in motion. Beyond the Fountain of Abundance will be the Court of Fountains, and this basin will be filled with large jets of water thrown vertically. They will be known as pillar jets. In this basin will also be located beautiful groups of water figures, all formed in the manner in which the water is projected. The water figures will resemble sheaves of wheat, lilies, etc., and they will average 12 feet high. On a line through the center of the main Court of Fountains there will be all of 20 of each of these figures of surpassing beauty.

Beyond this still, at the north end of the Court of Fountains, will be the Genius of Water. Here in a significant group of statuary the sculptor will portray his artistic conception of what the figure is designed to represent. Over in front of the statuary the water will ebulliate, carrying out in most perfect way the sculptor's idea.

In front of the Electric Tower, in the basin and in the niche of the Tower the climax of spectacular water effects will come with a gorgeousness that will exceed any display of the kind the world has seen. On each side of the center of the structure will be located two groups of water jets, with 26 large pillar jets, throwing water columns to a height of 50 feet. On the arc of a circle, whose center is the niche, will be located some 42 large jets, throwing water in parabola curve toward the cascades in front of the niche. These jets will be so arranged as to make a very ragged stream. This stream will not be solid, neither will it be so broken as in the spray jets. Then out from the niche itself there will come a flood of water of 13,000 gallons per minute, which, by means of a deflector, will take the form of an immense water screen or veil, the beauty of which will linger in the memory.

ORRIN E. DUNLAP.

CYCLING ROUTES.

Will All Lead to Buffalo Next Summer.

For the accommodation of the large number of cyclists who contemplate touring awheel to Buffalo and the Pan-American Exposition and Niagara Falls next summer a series of "trunk line" cycling routes is being compiled. They will probably be as follows:

1. New York and Albany to Buffalo (via the Hudson River, the valley of the Mohawk and the cycle paths of Central and Western New York).

2. New York to Buffalo (via the Delaware Water Gap, Scranton, Elmira, Corning and the cycle paths of the Southern tier of counties).

3. Boston and New England points to Buffalo (connecting with Route No. 1 at Albany).

4. Boston and New England points to Buffalo (via Providence, New London, steamboat to Greenport, Long Island; cycle paths of Suffolk County to Brooklyn, connecting with Route No. 1 or 2 at New York).

5. Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia to Buffalo (connecting with Route No. 2 at the Delaware Water Gap or Scranton).

6. St. Louis and Chicago to Buffalo (via Toledo, Cleveland and Erie). The road from Erie to Buffalo along the south shore of Lake Erie, through the Grape belt, has been called the finest 100 mile straightaway in America.

7. Chicago and Milwaukee to Buffalo (via steamboat across Lake Michigan to Grand Haven, Detroit, through Canada, Niagara Falls).

8. Cincinnati to Buffalo (connecting with Route No. 6 at Cleveland).

W. SHELDON BULL.

FACES.

In the eye that lights to meet us and the face that smiles to greet us
Are the shadows of the future and the impress of the past,
And the cheek that in its dawning flushed as rosy as the morning
Shows the outline of its beauty as it fades away at last.

And the little children's faces mid their dimples are the traces
Of the maiden's glowing beauty and of manhood's brow of care,
And the prophecy of gladness and the shadow of the sadness
To the thoughtful eye that gazeth are they lurking ever there.

But the faces that are nearest and the faces that are dearest
Are the true, the tender faces that our trust and loving win;
Then, when comes to them the shading, when the roses shall be fading,
Like the vase with light illumined shall we see the soul within.

—Woman's Life.

MARRIED HANNER HIMSELF.

The Wedding Came About Through a Deal Over a Mortgage.

"Never heerd how I got the best of ole Simmons, did you?" queried the farmer from the upper part of the state, who is visiting his son. "You knowed what a skinflint he was? Worst I ever see or read about.

"Well, you been floppin round a good bit 'bout ole widderers gittin married ag'in, so I'll tell you how it was. Simmons held a mortgage on that south forty. He beat me outen the money on a sharp dicker, and I been ready ter put the scalpin knife enter him ever sence, but I calkerlated thet I'd have ter settle or give him the land. While I was savin up ter clear off the mor'gage I got a intermashing frum Si Duke that ole Simmons was payin 'tention ter Hanner Watsing. Si gi'me the hint and same time tole me he was lettin on ter be Hanner's stiddy jest so as ter devil Simmons.

"When I went ter see the ole skinflint 'bout givin me a leetle more time on the mor'gage, he kinder giggles round and looks like he'd been stealin sheep and ast me what the talk was 'bout Si and Hanner. Now, I ain't no college perfesser, but I see right off what way the wind was blowin, and I spun a yarn 'bout it bein common report as how Hanner and Si was goin ter hitch.

"I thought ole Simmons would have a spell, but I braced him up, all the time a-tellin him thet Si and Hanner would be a good match. Well, the upshoot was thet he said ef I'd git Si ter move to Indianey and stay there I could have the mor'gage cleared without payin a cent. Si was blamed glad ter go for $50, and it cleared me 'bout $1,500. But ole Simmons was so tarnel mean in talkin 'bout it thet he got my mad up, and I sailed in and married Hanner myself. Thet's the way you got yer new mother-in-law, and ef you ever hear of me bein knocked over you investergate ole Simmons."—Detroit Free Press.

A Fine Old Government Clock.

It is a fine old clock which stands in the senate lobby fronting the main entrance to the senate chamber. For almost a century it has been ticking away, night and day, and now it is as good as ever.

The old clock is about eight feet high, and its frame is solid mahogany. Its face is about a foot and a half in diameter, and the name of Thomas Voight, Philadelphia, shows by whom and where it was made. It used to stand in the old senate chamber, now the supreme court room, where Webster and Clay and Benton and all the famous men of the past debated great questions. If the clock could only talk, it could tell many tales of dramatic interest.

Upon the mahogany case is carved a large shield, with stars to represent the states. When the clock was built, there were only 17 states in the Union.—Washington Post.

A Queen Who Married Her Brothers.

At 17 years of age Cleopatra was married to her half brother, Ptolemy Dionysius, who was then 13. This was because of the will of his father, who left him the throne on condition of the marriage with his sister. They reigned jointly under the guardianship of the Romans until Cleopatra became dissatisfied with her brother's attempt to gain sole power. She plotted against him, and, obtaining the aid of Julius Cæsar, she brought about Ptolemy's death. Thereupon she married another brother, a boy of 11, whom she later poisoned, assuming sole power 43 B. C. With her death (30 B. C.) ended the dynasty of Ptolemy in Egypt.—Woman's Home Companion.

The Sword.

There is only one sword factory in the United States, a Massachusetts concern, and that one has ample capacity for supplying the domestic demand for swords. The saber lost its efficiency as a cavalry weapon as far back as the war of the rebellion, and the increased range of rifles has made the sword equally obsolete as an implement of actual combat. It is about as dangerous now as a bandmaster's baton and serves much the same purpose.—New York Tribune.

The Stimulus.

"Do you think that genius is moved to exert itself by inspiration?"

"Sometimes," answered the very serious young man, "but oftener by the expiration of the period for which rent has been paid."—Washington Star.

The arpa, or drum, of the south Pacific islands is of wood, one end resembling a vase and the other evidently made in imitation of a shark's head. The head is covered with snake or fish skins.

It cannot be too often repeated that it is not helps, but obstacles, not facilities, but difficulties, that make men.—W. Mathews.

MATCHES AND MONEY

UNROMANTIC COURTSHIPS ARE THE RULE IN GERMANY.

There the Women Are Obliged to Have Some Financial Resources When They Marry—The Cost of Acquiring a Military Husband.

In Bavaria every girl is expected to get married. Ask a Bavarian, and he will tell you that it is impossible for a portionless maiden to find a husband. If a girl has no money for a dowry, therefore, she sets herself at work to save one.

Marriage in Germany is nearly entirely a matter of business. The father of the girl announces the sum which is to go with her, while the papa of the prospective husband holds out for more. That is the first stage of the negotiations. Little by little each yields to the other. Finally, often after months of delay, the contract is drawn up with minute specifications by a notary, and then the lovemaking may begin. The courtship is very circumscribed and is probably not altogether satisfactory, for the German maiden is a romantic creature, and the opportunities she has for getting acquainted with her husband before marriage are very meager.

The parental supervision is so inbred in the nation that even the government takes a hand in it with its servants. A German army officer is a splendid creature to the eye, but his pay is very small, ranging from a matter of $5 a week for a lieutenant to $50 a week for a full fledged general. In order to prevent the possibility of seediness in appearance or style of living the government forbids an officer to marry unless he deposits a certain sum—it is $20,000 for a lieutenant and becomes gradually less for each higher grade—with the authorities, the income of which is doled out to him semiannually. This is in reality putting a price on the man, because the greater number of German officers are very poor and can get the money required only from their brides.

The money which a wife brings to her husband, unless there is an express notarial stipulation to the contrary, becomes absolutely the husband's property. Woman in the eye of the law has practically no rights except such as her husband may allow her. He treats her very often as merely a piece of live stock. If the woman rebels, which she does very rarely, he displays a very short temper and an aptness for wielding a poker or a walking stick in a use for which they were never meant.

In a German newspaper one may always find a column devoted to matrimonial announcements. There is no romance in these advertisements. The man tells how much money he has and how much he wants. The woman names her dowry to the very pfennig. Very often the man has no money at all and expresses his desire to marry into a business, but the woman knows that it is useless to advertise at all unless she has some money, if it amounts only to $100 or so, which may be regarded as the lowest sum worthy of consideration as a mitgift.

On the other hand, it is the woman's privilege to name the calling which she prefers the man should follow. She usually chooses an official clerk or porter, a policeman or a car conductor, all of whom have tenure of office and an old age pension. She has more of an eye to stability than to ambition.

It is in the so called higher classes of society that one finds the baldest and most businesslike matrimonial transactions. There are few young men of this class who have either money or any prospect of making any otherwise than by a wealthy marriage. When they inherit fortunes, it is the fashion to dissipate them, and when they don't inherit it is against the prejudices of their education and training to seek employment or to engage in any kind of business.

Therefore most of them enter the army while waiting for a rich bride. Daughters of rich brewers and merchants are acceptable to these gentlemen, but their great and persistent dream is to capture an American heiress. They confess the matter frankly to any one and every one who will listen.

Traveling American heiresses are not so plentiful in Germany as in France and Italy; still, they are to be found. It would seem, however, that notwithstanding the fact that German titles are at least a little more valuable than those of the Latin countries they do not possess the same glamour in feminine eyes, because the German title captures the American bag of gold comparatively rarely. Perhaps it is because the Teutonic wooing is more arrogant and supercilious than insinuating.

Of all countries Germany is perhaps that in which romanticism flourishes most. It is instinct in its traditions, in its history and its literature. Yet in the affairs of daily life and pre-eminently in its matrimonial affairs militarism rises to the plane of worship.—New York Sun.

A Blind Sale.

An exchange tells of a novel plan adopted by an English hostess to secure funds for a charity in which she was interested. She gave a dance, introducing in the cotillon an auction figure. In this the favors were for sale. A table was spread with them, from which selections were made. After the choice the purchaser found the price affixed on the reverse side. This might be a penny or a pound, the limit of cost, and was set without any regard to the apparent value of the article to which it was attached. The most trifling article perhaps had the topmost mark, and vice versa, making choice so far as price was concerned pure chance.

MICE QUICK TO LEARN.

So Says a Maine Man Who Finds Them Interesting Pets.

Out on Forest avenue is a mouse fancier whose residence, lest he lose caste with his neighbors, is withheld. In a pen he has half a dozen or so ordinary field mice.

"They are the most sociable pets I ever had," he remarked, "and any one of them will rise to attention as he hears my step approach the pen. I have had these young ones about six months. They don't live long when cooped up, and they will come freely to my hand to eat or drink. Some of them are so tame that they will climb to my shoulder and display not the slightest alarm at being touched. They haven't acquired so much faith in all humanity, however, and have refused to trust any one else so far.

"While mice eat a great deal for an animal so small when food is abundant, they can exist for a surprising long time with next to nothing. Any one whose house has been invested with mice and who had passed weary weeks when everything that possibly could serve as food was carefully under lock and key, finally calling to service an active ferret, will appreciate this fact. He is a mighty aggressive and tireless forager after food, not hesitating at walls or similar obstructions, through which he patiently gnaws a path. As a test of persistence in this line I hung a basket of food from the ceiling by a rope and after a week's fast placed a mouse at a hole in the ceiling above the basket. He descended some eight feet or more on a slender cord and safely reached his haven, later climbing up again.

"All of my mice I have taken from nests about the premises and notice that they invariably seek shelter below or behind something, never in so exposed a locality as almost any other animal would select. For a nest paper, cloth or any soft material seems to satisfy, and the exceeding fineness with which it is chopped suggests some mighty artistic work with their teeth."—Portland Express.

A VERY PARTICULAR BIRD.

If the Bathing Dish Didn't Suit Him, He Went Unwashed.

"Birds have as much character as human beings," said a specialist on birds. "Some are the most arrant little aristocrats, while others are regular little plebeians. I had a little fellow some time ago who, despite all my efforts, would not bathe. Each morning when, with his white porcelain tub in my hand, I approached his cage, he would resolve himself into the sulkiest, dreariest little ball of feathers you can possibly imagine. I coaxed and pleaded; I even bribed. Bathe he would not. So consistent was he in his determination not to bathe that I named him Tramp. One morning I broke the tub, and in its place I took a shallow blue and white dish of Japanese ware. Tramp eyed me for a moment with all his old hostility, and then as he caught sight of the pretty dish he flew down from his perch with chirps of joy and darted into the water before I could take my hand from the cage.

"I had found the way to his heart, and his morning bath now became a daily source of joy to both of us. But ont fatal morning I broke the blue and white dish. In an apologetic manner I brought to Tramp once more the regulation white bath dish, hoping that his cleanly habits were by this time so ingrained that he would overlook the prosaic appearance of his tub. Not so. An angry flutter of wings, a threatening little beak, a perfect tempest of shrill cheeps and twitterings and then sulky silence on the topmost perch.

"So it went on till I secured another blue and white dish and then peace and harmony and morning baths again."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Railroad Man's Prayer.

An old railroad man, having been converted, was asked to lead in prayer. The following was the response: "O Lord, now that I have flagged thee, lift up my feet from the rough road of life and plant them safely on the deck of the train of salvation. Let me use the safety lamp known as prudence, make all the couplings in the train with the strong link of thy love and let my hand lamp be the Bible, and, heavenly Father, keep all switches closed that lead off the sidings, especially those with a blind end. O Lord, if it be thy pleasure, have every semaphore block along the line show the white line of hope that I may make the run of life without stopping. And, Lord, give us the Ten Commandments for a schedule, and when I have finished the run on schedule time and pulled into the great dark station of death may thou, the Superintendent of the universe, say, 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant; come and sign the pay roll and receive your check for eternal happiness.' "—Railroad Gazette.

Turkey Droves In Athens.

The turkey merchant is the most wonderful of street venders. He arrives with 200 or 300 birds, which he drives about town for a week or two, selling them one by one. He is armed with a long pole, with which he touches up lazy or quarrelsome birds. They gobble continuously, and he shouts above the din, "Gallous, gallapoula, gallopules!" ("Turkey cocks, little turkeys, little hen turkeys!") When one drove meets another face to face or at right angles, they pass through without confusion, and no bird changes masters.—Scribner's Magazine.

Most Tactless of Men.

"Clarence unintentionally offended the aspiring young poetess."

"In what way?"

"He sent her a gayly decorated waste-basket as a birthday present."—Philadelphia Record.

Murderers of Cashier Ryan Held.

Harrisburg, March 16.—Watson Keiper and Henry Rowe, alias James Leonard, of Lykens, the alleged murderers of Cashier Charles W. Ryan; of the Halifax National bank, of Halifax, Dauphin county, were given a hearing in the Harrisburg prison yesterday and held for court. F. B Stoley, of Lykens, who has confessed that he knew of the plans of Rowe and Keiper to rob the bank, waived a hearing and it is probable that he will turn state's evidence.

Keiper and Rowe will be indicted next Thursday for murder and it is probable that they will be arraigned and tried the same day. They admit that they attempted to rob the bank and fired several shots at the cashier and other attaches in their efforts to escape after they secured the money in the vault. Neither will tell though who fired the shot that caused the cashier's death or where they secured the dynamite found in their satchel.

—The editor and his wife, says an exchange, disagree with each other materially. She set things to rights and he writes things to set. She reads what others write and he writes what others read. She keeps the devil out of the house as much as possible, and he retains him and could not go to press without him. She knows more than he writes and he writes more than she knows.

A Booming Town.

According to the Punxsutawney Spirit the town of Sharon is booming. They are building a wire nail mill, a rod mill, a hoop mill, steel mill and ekelp and pipe mills, all of which will be completed in two or three months. They will employ at least 3,500 men. These works are not unreasonably expected to increase the population of that town by 20,000 souls.

Peculiar Origin of a Slight Fire.

At Loganton Thursday a little son of John Geiswite, threw a glass marble with which he had been playing, on the sofa. The rays of the sun fell upon it and heated it to such a pitch that the sofa caught fire. The flames were extinguished before much damage was done.

—Thieves entered the Musser House, at Millheim, one night recently and were busily engaged ransacking the dining room when they were heard by Miss Mary Hartshorn, one of the girls employed there. With true courage, she seized a poker and began an investigation. One of the thieves could not get out, and she led him a merry chase through the dining room and kitchen before he made his escape. He ran through the hall, across Main street to Penn and disappeared in an alley. Three persons, however, claim they know the party. Strange to say no arrests have been made.—Millheim *Journal*.

The Pains of Kidney Disease

Warn You Against the Most Dreadfully Fatal of Disorders. You Can be Cured by Promptly Using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Pain is nature's signal whereby she warns man of approaching danger. Few diseases are so dreadfully fatal as disorders of the kidneys and few are accompanied by more severe pains and discomforts.

One of the most common symptoms of kidney disease is the smarting, scalding sensation when passing water which is likely to come very frequently and at inconvenient times. Then there is the dull, heavy aching in the small of the back and down the limbs.

When these pains are accompanied by deposits in the urine after it has stood for twenty-four hours you may be sure that you are a victim of kidney disease and should not lose a single day in securing the world's greatest kidney cure—Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Take one pill at a dose, and in a surprisingly short time you will be far on the road to recovery, for Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills act directly and promptly on the kidneys, and are certain to prove of great benefit to any one suffering from irregularities of those organs.

Don't imagine that you are experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are almost as well known as his great Recipe Book, have made some of the most surprising cures of kidney disease on record and have come to be considered the only absolute cure for kidney disease.

Mr. J. Curtiss, a well known R. R. engineer, living at 191 Murry street, Binghamton, N. Y., writes:

"Soon after going on the road I began to be troubled by severe pains in my back accompanied by such terrible weakness that I was obliged to stop work for days at a time.

"Hearing of the good results obtained by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, I gave them a trial. They helped me almost immediately, and now I can truthfully say that I am as well as any man, thanks to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

See that you get the genuine, with portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase.

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American Agriculturist, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.85
Rural New Yorker, New York City	1.00	1.25	1.75
Cosmopolitan Magazine, Irvington, N. Y.	1.00	1.25	1.90
Country Gentleman, Albany, N. Y.	2.00	2.00	2.50
Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Penn.	.50	1.00	1.50
Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Penn.	3.00	3.00	3.50
Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.	1.75	2.25	2.90
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A CASHIER MURDERED;

Tragedy Thursday in National Bank at Halifax, Pa.

CHARLES W. RYAN THE VICTIM

Desperadoes Pointed Revolvers at Attachees and under This Menace the Cashier Put $2,000 in a Satchel.

AFTERWARDS TRIED TO RECOVER IT.

HARRISBURG, March 15.—Charles W. Ryan, cashier of the Halifax National bank, was shot to death by Henry Rowe and Weston Keiper, of Lykens, at noon yesterday, in an attempt at the most daring bank robbery in the history of Dauphin county. The robbers were captured by a party of citizens soon after the crime and were brought to the Harrisburg jail, together with F. B. Staley, of Lykens, who is suspected of being an accomplice.

Rowe and Keiper drove over to Halifax from Elizabethville yesterday morning and hitched their team on the outskirts of the town boldly entered the bank with revolvers presented. Each had a revolver, and they demanded the attaches of the bank to throw up their hands and turn over the money. One of them held in check Abraham Fortenbaugh, the president; Isaac Lyter, the teller, and ex-Representative Swartz; of Duncannon, who was in the bank on private business. The other covered Cashier Ryan, and under the menace of the revolvers the cashier collected the cash in the drawers to the amount of $2,000 and placed it in a satchel the robbers had brought with them.

Rowe with the cash-stuffed satchel in hand, backed out toward the door and Keiper also moved toward the entrance to the bank. Just when it seemed that the robbers would succeed in getting away, Cashier Ryan leaped forward in an attempt to knock up the revolver of the man with the money. In the scuffle several shots were fired and Ryan fell to the floor, shot through the groin by a bullet from the pistol of Rowe.

Mr. Fortenbaugh grabbed Rowe and after a short scuffle threw him to the floor. During the struggle Cashier Ryan was lying in a helpless condition close to the vault. Keiper plunged through the doorway while the attention of the bank officials was distracted to the wounded cashier. The noise of the shots attracted J. E. Lyter, who has a store near the bank building and he ran out with his shotgun. Mr. Lyter pursued Keiper for one block and shot him back of the head, when the robber surrendered.

The wounded cashier was taken to his home after the capture of the desperadoes, where he died at 5 o'clock last evening.

Rowe and Keiper are unmarried and formerly worked in the coal mines at Lykens. Rowe is 19 years old and has been considered a dangerous man. Keiper is 20 years old and was always looked upon as honest and harmless. They were brought to Harrisburg yesterday afternoon on an express train, which was stopped at Halifax by special order from the general superintendent at Williamsport. At the jail Keiper said that he did not shoot with the intention of killing anybody. He denied that it was his shot that struck Cashier Ryan. Rowe also said that he did not shoot Ryan.

At midnight Keiper and Rowe confessed to District Attorney Miller their crime and gave the details of their arrangement of the robbery. Straley admitted that he knew of their plans, but said that he was not with them yesterday and had nothing to do with the killing.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Former Munson Woman's Tragic Death.

A pathetic story in which a former Munson girl figures comes in a dispatch from Cleveland, O. It is as follows:

"Grace Rogers, aged 28, wife of Naylor Rogers, died last Monday night while being conveyed to an hospital after she had taken a dose of morphine. The suicide was prompted by the breaking of a pledge Rogers had made in May a year ago to abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors. The couple came here from Philadelphia, where Rogers held a good position with the National Bureau of literature and art. Mrs. Rogers was formerly Grace Merritt and a school teacher in Munson, Pa. They had a daughter but six months old. Rogers returned to his home Monday in an intoxicated condition, it is said, and lay down on a couch. Soon he heard his wife bending over the child in its cradle, bidding the little one good-by. When Rogers roused himself he discovered that she had taken a large dose of morphine. At the morgue Rogers knelt by the side of the body and admitted that it was all his fault. Soon he became hysterical, calling to his wife to come back to him, and insisting that she was not dead. He even took the body in his arms and tried to drag it from the morgue. The written pledge Rogers had signed was found on the floor of the room in which Mrs. Rogers took the poison."

Stamp Taxes Repealed.

By the war revenue bill, which was recently passed in congress, it is expected that a reduction of revenue of $42,000,000 a year will be accomplished. The following war taxes have been repealed:

Commercial broker, $20.
Bank checks, 2 cents.
Certificates of deposit, 2 cents.
Promissory notes, 2 cents each $100.
Money orders, 2 cents each $100.
Bills of lading for report, 10 cents.
Express receipt, 1 cent.
Telephone messages, 1 cent.
Bonds, except bonds of indemnity, 50 cents.
Certificates of damage, 25 cents.
Conveyances, exempt below $2,500, above $2,500, 25 cents for each $500.
Charter Party, $3 to $10.
Telegraph messages, 1 cent.
Life insurance, 8 cents on each $100.
Lease, 25 cents to $100.
Mortgages, 25 cents for each $100.
Passage tickets, $1 to $5; exempt below $50 in value.
Warehouse receipts, 25 cents.
Proprietary medicines, one-eighth cent for each 5 cents.
Perfumery and cosmetics, one-eighth cent for each 5 cents.
Chewing gum, 4 cents for $1.
The following reductions in taxation have been made.
Beer to $1.60 per barrel and 7½ per cent. discount repealed.
Tobacco and snuff, discount of 20 per cent. on 12 cents per pound.
Cigarettes, weighing not more than 3 pounds, per 1,000, valued not more than $2 per 1,000, 36 per pound.
Sales of merchandise in actual course of transportation exempted.
Bucket-shop transactions, 2 cents for each $100.
Foreign bills of exchange, 2 cents for each $100.
Most of the repeals and reductions become operative on the 1st of July next.

—A ticket sold 17 years ago was offered a conductor on a Northwestern train by a passenger who desired to ride from the Missouri river to Cedar Rapids, recently. As the ticket was one of the unlimited series in use at the time of sale the conductor accepted it and carried the passenger. The explanation which the passenger offered for the long existence of the ticket was that it had been bought by a relative who intended to make the trip, but who had died before he was able to use the ticket. It was placed with the other papers of the deceased and forgotten until recently.

THIN HAIR

Lots of people have thin hair. Perhaps their parents had thin hair; perhaps their children have thin hair. But this does not make it necessary for them to have thin hair.

One thing you may rely upon—

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

makes the hair healthy and vigorous; makes it grow thick and long. It cures dandruff also.

It always restores color to gray hair,—all the dark, rich color of early life. There is no longer need of your looking old before your time.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"As a remedy for restoring color to the hair I believe Ayer's Hair Vigor has no equal. It has always given me perfect satisfaction in every way."
Mrs. A. M. STREHL,
Aug. 18, 1898. Hammondsport, N.Y.

Write the Doctor.

He will send you a book on The Hair and Scalp free, upon request. If you do not obtain all the benefits you expected from the use of the Vigor write the Doctor about it.
Address,
DR. J. C. AYER,
Lowell, Mass.

HOSTS OF WOMEN.

Anxious to Become the Wife of James McKeage.

The publication of James McKeage's determination to sell his household goods in Crawford township Clinton county for the reason that he could not procure a wife, has swelled that gentleman's mail very largely. Mr. McKeage has discovered that there are many women who would only be too glad to become his helpmate. Even in Lock Haven there is a woman, who, under date of March 10, wrote him as follows:

Dear Sir: Don't sell those driving horses and cows until you see me.

The foregoing letter is only one of many of a similar kind which have been sent to Mr. McKeage. Some of these, which were sent to the Philadelphia Inquirer by a Jersey Shore correspondent, are here reproduced, the address and signatures being omitted:

Camden, March 8

James McKeage Esq.:

My dear old orphan: If you cannot get a wife or a housekeeper with fourteen millions of women in sight, you ought to crawl in some dark hole and stay there. But I will not cast such a gloom on your future years. Come and see me and I will take you for better or worse. I can milk, attend to chicks, feed pigs, and the rest. There are likely some things that I could not do, but I could learn. Write to me if my services are likely to be acceptable.

Philadelphia, March 10.

Dear Sir: You are in a sad predicament. "Have no wife and no housekeeper and cannot get one." Are women scarce in your locality? If you had been in this neighborhood your sale would be unnecessary. Maybe I could stop it. I am 40 years old, five feet two inches tall, blonde hair and complexion, and argue to myself that my disposition is amiable. Let me hear from you at once.

Philadelphia, March 6.

My dear Jim: I am the girl you are looking for, and I would just like the chance to turn that gloomy hermitage of yours into a sunshiny home. I love the country, and just dote on horses, cows and such things. I am always cheerful and look only on the bright side of things. "This is no hoax or dodge." Jim, to get rid of a cheap old maid, for I am only 25, brunette, good figure, and other authorities beside the looking glass tell me I am handsome. When you write send photograph.

Philadelphia, March 7.

Dear Sir: I read your sad story in the Inquirer and it appealed to my heart, as I also am alone in the world. This is not leap year, but I am going to make you a proposition. I will go and work for you for three months, and we can find out in that time if we like each other well enough to get married. I don't claim to be an angel, but I am a sincere, honest and industrious woman and will do my best to please you. Write

Strikes A Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H., "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by F. Potts Greens Druggists.

The Mayor said "Git" and they Got.

Two Latter-Day Saints of the Mormon church made application to Mayor Giles, of Altoona, on Thursday for permission to make an address on a street corner. The Mayor proceeded to put the two emissaries of Brigham Youngism through a catechetical exercise and forced them to admit that Mormonism and Polygamy are inseparable. "Instead of granting you permission to proselyte in this city," said the Mayor, "I'll give you just two hours to get out. There are trains east and west within that time. Don't let me hear of you being in Altoona tonight." They got out.

A Horrible Outbreak.

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25 cents at F. Potts Greens Drug store.

Held the Post Mortem Thursday.

Drs. Kitter, of Boalsburg; Houser, of Baileyville; Woods, of Pine Grove, and Seibert, of Bellefonte, Thursday made a post-mortem examination of the body of Miss Ella McWilliams, whose sudden death last December at Rock Springs had caused the suspicion that all was not right. They found the body in a good state of preservation and removed the stomach, which was sent to an expert in Philadelphia for examination.

From a superficial examination they found no indications to warrant suspicion.

Salt Rheum, Tetter, Eczema.

These distressing skin diseases relieved by one application, Dr. Agnew's Ointment is a potent cure for all eruptions of the skin. Jas. Gaston, Wilkesbarre, says "For 9 years I was disfigured with Tetter on my hands. Dr. Agnew's Ointment cured it." 35 cents.—54.

Sold by F. Potts Green.

Took Plaster Cast.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 15.—Late yesterday afternoon Sculptor John Y. Mahony, of this city, took a plaster cast of General Harrison's face.

Cheap Insurance.

Many a man has been insured against Bright's disease, diabetes, or other dangerous ailment by a fifty cent bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure. All Druggists.

Woodsmen

Know that in spite of hard work in the clear forest air the blood often becomes impure. The heavy food served in the lumber camps is to a great extent responsible for this condition of the blood, which renders the body an easy prey to many forms of disease.

There is no better blood purifier than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures eruptions, pimples, eczema, scrofula, rheumatism, and other diseases caused by an impure condition of the blood. It cures absolutely and altogether by cleansing the blood from the poisons which breed and feed disease.

Accept no substitute for the "Discovery." There is no other medicine "just as good" for the blood.

"I will forever thank you for advising me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mrs. James Murphy, of Ponda, Pocahontas Co., Iowa. "It has cured me of chronic scrofula of twelve years' standing. I also had chronic diarrhea for twelve years. I am in good health now—better than I ever was in my life, owing to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took several bottles of the 'Discovery' before I stopped."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing 1008 pages, and over 700 illustrations, is sent free on receipt of stamps to defray expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper cover, or 31 cents for the book in cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

General Miles Going to Cuba.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Lieutenant General Miles, his wife and son, Quartermaster and Mrs. Ludington, Col. H. H. Whitney, artillery corps, aide camp to General Miles; Col. Albert A. Pope, of Boston; Mr. Frank Wiborg, of Cincinnati, and Gen. Miles' secretary and orderly left here for Cuba last evening, over the Southern railway, traveling via Savannah, Jacksonville and Palm Beach. After spending about two days at Palm Beach the party will embark at Miami for Havana.

It is the purpose of Gen. Miles and Gen. Ludington to examine military posts in Cuba. Although Gen. Miles has been commissioned to look into certain military matters for the Secretary of War, it is stated at the War Department that Gen. Miles' visit has no connection whatever with the political affairs of Cuba.

Formerly Lived at Rebersburg.

David Bierly, of Wood county, Ohio, died on the 22nd ult., at the ripe old age of 95 years, 2 months and 18 days. He was a son of Nicholas Bierly, who lived about one-half mile north of Rebersburg, where David was born and reared. While he was yet in his teens he left for Wood county, O., where he married and reared a family. There he spent all his married life, clearing several farms right from the stump, cutting and burning the heavy timber, which was very plentiful there in his time.

About eleven years ago he visited his friends and relatives at Rebersburg, bringing with him several dozen butcher knives of his own make, and sold them here. Many of them are still in use and are kept in fond remembrance by his friends.

Eczema Relived in a Day.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure this disgusting skin disease without fail. It will also cure Barber's Itch, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all skin eruptions. In from three to six nights it will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. One application brings comfort to the most irritating cases. 35 cents.—56.

Sold by F. Potts Green.

All His Fingers and His Thumbs Cut off.

J. C. Wilson who carries the mail from Mill Hall to Abdera, met with a serious accident in Zeigler's saw mill at Abdera Tuesday evening. Wilson, who had been in the habit of helping to operate the mill after delivering the mail at the post office was sitting on a log that was being sawed he allowed his left hand to come in contact with the rapidly revolving saw. All the fingers and the thumb were cut off, and blood from the wounded hand spurted everywhere. Dr. Houston was summoned and gave the injured man surgical attention. The fingers were cut off close to the hand and it is feared that the hand will have to be amputated.

Found Guilty of Embezzling $4,000.

LEBANON, Pa., March 15.—George M. Stanley, former treasurer of the defunct Economy Building and Loan association of this city, was found guilty Wednesday of embezzling $4,315,89 of the funds of the institution. The case was on trial for over six days.

Stanley had been treasurer of the association since its organization, ten years ago. The shortage in his accounts was only taken since the annual report of 1899 up to 1900 and did not include the shortage prior to that date. The most important books of the association are missing and cannot be found.

Banner Salve.

Tetter, eczema and skin diseases yield quickly to the marvelous healing qualities of Banner Salve made from a prescription of a skin specialist of world wide fame. 25c. All Druggists.

THE BURGLAR'S BIBLE.

He Said That He Would Get It Back Again, and He Did.

Senator John C. Spooner of Wisconsin when a young man was attorney for two men charged with stealing.

There had been taken from the men a well worn Bible and a small drawer. On the fly leaf of the Bible was the inscription, "To My Darling Boy, From Mother."

The trial was held the next day, and the future senator made a brilliant speech to the jury. He exhibited the Bible and pointed to the inscription, and without leaving their seats the jury returned a verdict of "Not guilty."

After the trial the young men gave the lawyer $50.

"Boys," said Mr. Spooner as they were about to separate, "I am curious to know why you carry that Bible and the empty drawer." Then the senator listened with astonishment to the history of his clients.

"We are professional safe blowers and have been for five years. This Bible has a double cover and opens like this" (here the self confessed criminal pressed a hidden spring in the thick cover and disclosed a hollow in which there lay two steel files and a small saw), "and this old drawer has a secret bottom, where we keep our tools."

The future senator confiscated the Bible and the drawer.

One of the thieves shouted angrily, "We'll get those things back yet, you mark my words!"

Several years passed, and then the incident was brought back to Mr. Spooner's recollection in the following manner: One evening he and his family attended an entertainment, and no one was left at the house. When they returned at a late hour, they found that the house had been entered by burglars and ransacked, but that nothing apparently was missing. The next day's mail brought a letter which read:

Dear Sir—Please excuse the way we came in last night, but the door was locked. We never did think you treated us square by swiping our outfit, and so we came back after it and found you were not at home. We always keep our word. Yours truly, JACK AND JIM.
—Saturday Evening Post.

THE BARGAIN CRAZE.

Men, It Is Alleged, Are as Much Infected as the Women.

"This perennial joke about the love of women for bargains wearies me," said a bright business woman the other day. "With most presumptuous superiority men charge our sex with an extravagant zeal for bargains, but I see enough of business men to assure me that they are just as eager as women are to get an article at a few cents less than the usual price.

"Mr. A—— is generally extravagant in his personal expenditures, but he is keen after bargains. The other day he came into our office wearing an air of great satisfaction, and his jubilation had no other foundation than the discovery of a street stand where 'seconds' in lead pencils were sold at 2 cents each.

"'If you know a good pencil when you see it,' he explained, 'you can rummage in the pile and pick out 5 and 10 cent pencils at 2 cents each or three for 5.

"'And that reminds me of another bargain. You know the 10 cent cigars I smoke? Well, there is a little shop down near the ferry where you can get them four for a quarter. I just heard of the place and ran down there at lunchtime and filled my pockets. Great bargain.'

"And would you believe it, that man, whose transactions run into the millions, went on telling my employer of bargains in clothes, stationery, etc., and Mr. B—— stopped in the midst of his estimates on a big contract to note addresses and to tell Mr. A—— of bargains he had discovered in neckwear and shoes and household supplies.

"Yet women are said to monopolize the bargain hunting disease."—New York Press.

Cost of a London Fog.

A London fog is an expensive visitation. A day of it, counting the day at eight hours, is estimated to cost anything from £50,000 to £100,000 in hard cash. No small proportion of this goes to the gas and electric light companies, which have to supply about a third more power than usual. But there are also the railways. Fog signaling is expensive. At Clapham Junction alone £50 has been spent by a single railway company during a day's fog in extra pay to the plate layers. When the red light cannot be seen at a distance of a hundred yards, the plate layers become fog signalers, and for this they are paid a shilling a day in addition to their regular wages and fourpence per hour overtime, providing the overtime does not run into a second shilling.—London Chronicle.

When Mr. Gladstone was alive, he was once discussing with some friends at Hawarden castle the greatest day in the world's history. Each member of the group was asked to say on which day he, in the past or the future, would prefer to live, it being supposed that he should have his present knowledge and afterward return to his present existence. Mr. Gladstone chose a day in Greece when Athens was at its highest glory.

A Different Point of View.

Willie (crying)—Mamma—boohoo—Joe hit me with a great big brick. Boohoo!

Mamma—And what did you do to him, dear?

Willie—I hit him gently with that same little brick he threw at me.—Harper's Bazar.

—Edward DeHaas, a highly respected citizen of Beech Creek, died Thursday evening of dropsy. He was about 72 years old. His wife survives.

Rheumatism.

Nobody knows all about it; and nothing, now known, will always cure it.

Doctors try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, when they think it is caused by imperfect digestion of food. You can do the same.

It may or may not be caused by the failure of stomach and bowels to do their work. If it is, you will cure it; if not, you will do no harm.

The way, to cure a disease is to stop its cause, and help the body get back to its habit of health.

When Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil does that, it cures; when it don't, it don't cure. It never does harm.

The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.

The McKinley Family Bible.

That President McKinley has that poetic romance which illumines the character of Jefferson, is shown in a simple episode. He renews his oath to this republic upon the ancient Bible from which his aged mother and grandmother instructed him. At his first inauguration, his venerable mother was his proudest spectator. That figure is missing now, but her memory remains. The filial piety which dictates the act is more important than the booming cannon, the waving banners, the acclaim of the multitude of half a million souls.—Press.

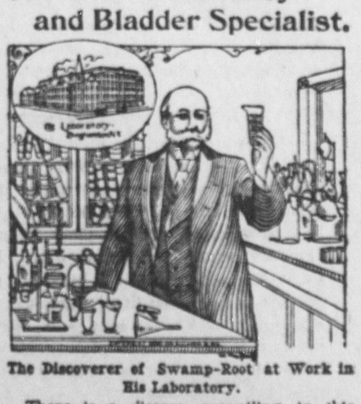
Night Was Her Terror.

"I would cough nearly all night long," writes Mrs. Chas. Applegate, of Alexandria, Ind., "and could hardly get any sleep. I had consumption so bad that if I walked a block I would cough frightfully and spit blood, but, when all other medicines failed, three $1.00 bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery wholly cured me and I gained 58 pounds." It's absolutely guaranteed to cure Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at F. Potts Greens drug store.

The Late Senator Magee's Will.

The will of the late Senator C. L. Magee has been made public. The estate is valued at about $6,000,000 and the chief bequest is in the form of an endowment of nearly the entire estate for the founding of a general hospital to be known as the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, in memory of the Senator's mother. Bequests aggregating about half a million, some of them entailed, are made to various relatives and friends. Mrs. Magee gets the use of the residence during her life. At her death it goes to the hospital.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

Local Department.

—Now they tell us wealth is a disease. Please tell us where we can catch it.

—Vogel & Deming's big minstrel show will be the attraction at Garman's Opera House Saturday evening March 30th.

—The little folks love Dr. Norway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to take; perfectly haamless; positive cure for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

—George Markle, of Bellefonte, has been granted a pension of $8 per month and Z. T. Overdorff, of Brush Valley one of $10 per month.

—The Rev. David N. Kirkby, rector of St. Paul's church, Bloomsburg, preached in St. John's Episcopal church at this place Tuesday evening.

—The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will hold a rummage sale during the second week in April. Proceeds for the benefit of Petrikin Hall.

—Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

—Miss Adaline Robb daughter of Erastus Robb entertained 22 of her young friends at her home on West Linn street Monday evening in honor of her 11th birthday.

—Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

—The local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution were delightfully entertained on Saturday evening by Miss Blanche Hays at her home on West High street.

—"Itching hemorrhoids were plague of my life. Was almost wild, Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

—Don't forget the stereopticon entertainment to be given by Co. B. on Friday evening in the Court House. It will be very interesting, and worth your while attending. Watch for the band.

—A very lively game of basket ball was played in the Normal gymnasium at Lock Haven Saturday evening between State College and the Normal teams. The score resulted 11 to 4 in favor of the former.

—John, the four-year-old son of Joshua Folk, had quite a lucky escape the other afternoon. He was playing in the hay mow of his father's barn and accidentally fell out of the door to the street below, a distance of eighteen feet, not injuring himself in the least.

—A certain girl on Logan street was out driving with a young man on Sunday night and when they returned home which was toward the wee hours of morning he gave her a parting kiss that the neighbors at the other end of the street heard it smack. How about it Gertie?

—The ladies of the Methodist church are going to hold a "Spinster's Convention" in the near future. This entertainment has been given in several nearby towns and with marked success. Its production here will be equal to the best and the amusement loving people of Bellefonte have a treat in store.

—If we were to announce that you could get this paper thirty days for the price of three beers, every descendant of Adam would know that meant fifteen cents, but if we were to say that it would be sent for three months for the price of a gospel hymn book, half of them wouldn't know whether we raised the subscription rate or were giving the paper away.

—Fred Poorman, Frank Klinger, John Kline and Samuel Gulsewite, who were arrested for interfering with Special Officer Thomas Donachy in the discharge of his duties, were given a hearing before Squire John Keichline Tuesday evening. The Justice considered the evidence strong enough to hold them all for trial. They were all released on bail, Poorman in the sum of $500 and the others $300 each.

—On Saturday evening Fred Poorman, of Coleville, created considerable disturbance on High street in front of the McClain block. He was using loud and profane language and special officer Thomas Donachy ordered him to keep quiet. Instead of keeping quiet he knocked the officer down. He was finally arrested on a complaint of Mr. Donachy and after a hearing before Burgess Blanchard was lodged in jail. He was released on bail Wednesday morning.

—Tuesday evening D. Eynon and R. G. Frick, two State College students, were driving to Bellefonte and when near the stone office building at Valentines furnace they drove to close to the bank, it being quite dark, and their buggy slid over the bank throwing both young men out and inflicting serious injuries upon them. The horse ran on into town and Messrs. Eynon and Frick were compelled to walk. They at once hunted up a physician in the person of Dr. Hayes. Eynon's nose was broken while Frick's nose was badly cut and bruised. The accident happened about 8 o'clock. They spent the night at the Brockerhoff House.

COUNCIL MEETING.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds Sworn in as a Member from the North Ward.

The regular semi-monthly meeting of council was held in the council chamber in the Public building on Howard street Monday evening. President Gerberich presided and the following members were present: Reynolds, Walkey, Derstine, Cunningham, Whittaker, Potter, Garrity and Knisely.

As Col. Reynolds was not present when council was organized on March 4th, he was sworn in Monday evening. Squire Harshberger administered the oath of office and Mr. Reynolds took his seat as a member from the North ward. He was congratulated by his fellow members on taking his seat.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by clerk Pontius and after a few trifling corrections they stood approved.

J. W. Gephart, superintendent of the Central railroad of Penna., appeared before council in regard to the water question. They were taxed $100 for last year and as they refused to pay it the water was cut off. Mr. Gephart asked that a meter be placed on the tank and a fair rate be charged them. He did not wish to evade payment of the tax for last year but thought there should be some fair basis for deciding what amount they should pay.

Conrad Miller asked council for the use of water at his residence on East Linn street. His residence is just outside the boro line. The water is already extended out to within 100 feet of the line. Mr. Miller would lay the pipe the balance of the distance from the boro line to his house a distance of 300 feet.

A petition was presented from citizens and property owners of East Howard street asking that a larger water pipe be laid on that thoroughfare. The present pipe is entirely inadequate for fire protection or for the water supply.

Secretary H. C. Quigley of the board of health, asked council to grant them their usual appropriation for the ensuing year. He also stated that Col. W. F. Reeder's term as a member of the board of health had expired and he asked that the vacancy be filled by council

The reports of the different standing committees were then heard nothing of particular importance being elicited.

Harry T. Miller was appointed to the police force to succeed Jacob S. Knisely, resigned.

Council decided that the Central railroad must pay the $100 water rent for last year before they would make them a new contract for the ensuing year. All other water contracts were paid last year and they were assessed on the same basis as the Central railroad, therefore it would not be fair to make a new rate for them for last year. The meters were not placed on the different places to fix a rate for last year but for the ensuing year.

The request of Conrad Miller for water at his residence was held over until next meeting night.

The petition of the citizens of Howard street for a larger water pipe on that street was referred to the Water committee for investigation and report at next meeting.

Dr. Locke on behalf of Mrs. Brew was granted permission to connect a sewer pipe on Spring street with the main sewer pipe on High street, Pipe to be laid at Dr. Locke's expense.

President Gerberich reappointed Col. Reeder as a member of the board of health for the ensuing year.

The usual appropriation of $100 was granted the board of health for the ensuing year subject to the same conditions as last year.

The water committee recommended that the wages of the water superintendent be fixed the same as last year. It was ratified by council.

The following bills were approved and ordered paid:

Street pay Roll	27.29
Police Pay Roll	60.50
H. B. Pontius 1mo. as clerk	12.50
H. B. Harshberger, adm. oaths	1.25
Thos. Shaughensey, janitor	2.00
R. B. Taylor, coal for W. W.	75.66
McCalmont & Co.	2.08
Bft. Fuel & Supply Co., coal for W. W.	69.92
Water Pay Roll	84.24
	$335.44

Three Pictures Presented to Co. B.

Co. B, is in receipt of 3 handsomely framed pictures presented to them by Mallory & Taylor the photographers. One is of the company taken just before they left for Washington on the 2nd of March, and the other two are of the officers of the company who served during the Spanish-American war. All three pictures are of the best finish, and neatly framed. The members of the company through this paper wish to thank the young men of this firm and if at any time these kindnesses can be returned, the soldier boys are the ones to do it.

A Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Stine, of South Pine street, wish through the columns of the REPUBLICAN to extend thanks to their friends and especially to the employees of the Match factory for kindnesses shown them during the recent illness of Mrs. Stine and at the time of the death of their child.

—A Buffalo editor, who recently visited Cuba, says the only feeling that the average Cuban has toward the United States is hatred.

DEATH OF HARVEY HEATON.

Fell From a Telephone Pole at Johnstown Friday Afternoon.

Harvey Heaton, a former Bellefonter, fell from a telephone pole at Johnstown Friday afternoon and sustained injuries which resulted in his death that evening at half past eight.

He was in the employ of the Standard Underground Cable Co., of Pittsburg, and at the time of the accident was at work stringing cable on a pole 35 feet from the ground. Suddenly the cross bar beneath him broke and he fell to the ground below. His left arm was crushed from the wrist to the elbow and he was injured internally. The accident happened at half past one o'clock.

Harvey Heaton was born in Boggs twp., Centre county, and was aged 27 years and 21 days. He was the son of Green Heaton. During the Spanish-American war he served in Co. B, Penna. Vol. At different times he was in the employ of the Bell Telephone company and also of the Commercial Telephone company at this place. He is survived by his father, mother and several brothers and sisters and his wife and one child, a little boy 5 years old.

Funeral services were held in the United Brethren church at Johnstown Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock conducted by Rev. J. W. Blackburn. The remains were brought to Bellefonte on the 1:42 train Monday afternoon and were interred in the Union cemetery. A squad from Co. B, met the funeral party at the depot and escorted the remains to their last resting place.

There were two handsome floral tributes received. One was from Co. B, and represented a star and crescent with the word "Comrade" on it. The other was from his fellow workmen in the telephone company and represented a large clock. The hands on the dial pointed to 1:30 the time the accident occurred. Both designs were composed of hyacinths, roses, carnations, etc.

T. J. O'Brien, of Detroit, Mich., superintendent of overhead work for the Standard Underground Cable Co., accompanied the remains of Heaton to this place.

The pall-bearers were comrades from Co. B, namely, Jas. Taylor, Louis Markle, Wm. Allen, Harry Vallance, J. Victor Royer and John Hartsock.

After the interment the friends gathered at the U. B. church where services were conducted by Rev. T. W. Perks, assisted by Rev. W. H. Blackburn.

The Bellefonte Athletic Club Organized.

The members of the Go Easy Club wish to announce that they have changed the name and colors of the club. The name by which they will hereafter be known is the Bellefonte Athletic Club, and the colors are blue with a thin white stripe. The object of the club will be to promote athletics of all kinds. At the meeting Monday night the base ball team was organized and they expect to give Bellefonte the first winning team we have had in the last three or four years. Mr. Austin Eadon, who managed the Bellefonte Academy team with great success last year, was elected manager and Mr. Wilson Gephart who played a star game at short stop last year for Princeton will captain the team.

There is abundance of material on hand for two teams. One will represent the club and the other will be the scrub team. The manager has arranged the following games for the coming season:

April 27th, Boalsburg High School, at Bellefonte; May 4th, Lock Haven at Lock Haven; May 11th, State at Bellefonte, May 18th, Williamsport High School at Williamsport; May 24th, State at State; May 30th, (Decoration Day) Williamsport at Bellefonte; June 8th, Lock Haven at Bellefonte; June 27th, Lock Haven at Lock Haven, July 4th, Clinton County at Hecla Park. There is also other games in sight so the public of Bellefonte want to give them all the support they can.

On April 19th there will be a festival held for the benefit of the club, to raise money for purchasing suits etc., for the team. Tickets will be 15 cents so all buy tickets and help the team along.

Expresses His Thanks.

Rev. T. W. Perks desires to express his thanks for the substantial manner in which his congregation remembered him by the very generous donation party held at his house Wednesday evening. The presents amounted to $14,00 from the congregation at Eckley's school house and about $37,00 from the Bellefonte United Brethren church. There were present at the parsonage seventy-four members and friends.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte postoffice uncalled for March 18th, 1901:

Theo. Aikey (2), Soloman Lowery, Mrs. Mary Edmudson, Norris Bros., "Laundrymen"; Miss H. E. Green, Harry Rider, D. B. Kurtz, Jerry Troutman.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—On last Friday afternoon while Mrs. Z. S. Welch, of Howard, was returning home from visiting a sick child at the home of Mr. Nathan Packer near Romola, she slipped and fell knocking her hip out of joint and seriously injuring her back. At present she is resting about as well as could be expected.—Howard *Husler*.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Hon. John G. Love spent Sunday at Altoona.

Col. J. L. Spangler was an Altoona visitor Monday.

Mr. B. S. Pletcher, of Bellefonte, spent Thursday at Altoona.

Miss Vera Snook is off on a visit to friends in Philipsburg.

W. P. Kuhn and wife are visiting friends in Philadelphia.

John T. McCormick transacted business in Lock Haven Tuesday.

Sheriff Cyrus Brungart transacted business in Millheim Wednesday.

Frank Shaughensey transacted business in Lock Haven last week.

Miss Blanche Shultz, of this place, is visiting friends in Lock Haven.

Miss Agnes Orbinson arrived home on Thursday from Bridgeton, N. J.

Hammond Sechler returned Monday morning from a trip to Philadelphia.

Will Havenlen, of Lock Haven, spent Sunday with friends in this place.

Mrs. Joseph L. Montgomery returned Sunday morning from Philadelphia.

Miss Mary Chamberlain, of Harrisburg, was an arrival in town Friday evening.

Miss Flora Smith, of Tyrone, is visiting friends in our sister town of Milesburg.

Mr. Frank Thompson, of Beech Creek, transacted business in Bellefonte Saturday.

Mrs. Dale, of Lemont, is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Berger, of Cantonsville, Md.

Miss Maude Woomer, of this place, spent several weeks with friends at Mill Hall.

Miss Grace Armor, of this place, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Claude Jones, of Tyrone.

Fred Kurtz, Jr., of the Lewisburg *Journal*, transacted business in Bellefonte Tuesday.

Rev. C. E. Page District Secretary of the Anti-Saloon League, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Miss Aurora Moore after a very pleasant visit in Bellefonte returned Saturday to Philadelphia.

Miss Emma Bower, of Aaronsburg, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wm. P. Kuhn, of East Bishop street.

Mrs. James Potter returned Tuesday from a few days visit at the Sommerville home at Winburn.

Mrs. George Schrock, of Akron, Ohio, and Miss Bird Ginter, of Bellefonte, are guests of Tyrone friends.

Mrs. Caroline Rhone and daughter Miss Ella left Bellefonte Firday for their home in Pasadena, Cal.

Charles E. Dorworth, of the Pittsburg *Times* staff, spent Sunday with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. E. S. Dorworth.

George R. Meek, Philip D. Waddle and Hard P. Harris spent Sunday in Tyrone the guests of Will Tyson, of that city.

Messrs John Trafford, Joseph Katz and J. F. Rummel, attended a meeting of the Elks at Lock Haven Tuesday evening.

Messrs. John VanPelt and Lewis Broslus, of the Bellefonte Academy, are visiting friends at Brookville for a few days.

Miss Ida Campbell, of Williamsport, is a guest at the home of Recorder and Mrs. Nelson E. Robb, on East Bishop street.

Reddy Powers after a two weeks visit with friends in Bellefonte returned Saturday evening to his home in Philadelphia.

Prof. J. Price Jackson and Prof. Lewis E. Reber, both of the Pennsylvania State College, were Bellefonte visitors Saturday.

Miss May Smith, of Spring Mills, spent Sunday in Bellefonte as the guest of her cousin Miss Blanche Smith, of Thomas street.

Rev. George Israel Brown, rector of St. John's Episcopal church of this place, preached in St. Paul's church at Lock Haven Thursday night.

Miss M. Winifred Fortney, of Tyrone, was a guest during the early part of last week at the home of her uncle, D. F. Fortney, of this place.

Miss Celia Armor after a very pleasant visit of several weeks with her friend, Mrs. A. J. Graham, at Philipsburg, returned Friday to her home in Bellefonte.

W. H. Summers, of Unionville, and Geo. W. Summers and son, of Snow Shoe Intersection; attended the funeral of Mrs. Jno. Summers at Philipsburg, last week.

Walter W. Bayard representing Wampole & Co., a large drug firm of Philadelphia, passed through Bellefonte Friday en route to Passadena, Cal., where he will be located for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. John Porter Lyon and little daughter have returned to their home at Pennsylvania Furnace after an extended visit at the home of Mrs. Lyon's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Mitchell, of this place.

David Klepper who left Bellefonte 17 years ago to make his own way in the world, is visiting his father at Coleville. He is now superintendent for the contracting firm of Francis Bros. & Goellett, of Philadelphia.

Mr. Ira J. Killinger, of Harrisburg, who is superintending the putting in of the new windows at the Methodist church, will conduct a gospel meeting at the Young Men's Christian Association this evening, beginning at 7 o'clock. All are cordially invited.

A. J. Cook transacted business in Pittsburg last week.

William P. Humes spent Wednesday in Williamsport.

Wm. E. Gray and wife are sojourning in Philadelphia.

J. Calvin Meyer Esq., transacted business in Tyrone Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyd Wilson are visiting friends at Coburn this week.

Mrs. Theodore Cherry and two little daughters are visiting friends at Sunbury.

Ellis L. Orvis, Esq., and Hon. John Hamilton, were Altoona visitors Tuesday night.

Judge Cyrus Gordon, of Clearfield, transacted business of legal importance in Bellefonte Wednesday.

Frank C. Clemson and Dr. S. G. Coon, both of Scotia, were Bellefonte visitors over Tuesday night.

Thomas H. Harter, of the *Gazette*, left Wednesday morning for Philadelphia on a business and pleasure trip combined.

John Bullock and his two little daughters, Catherine and Maude, made a short visit to friends in Philipsburg this week.

Miss Ida Barnhart, one of Renova's accomplished young ladies is visiting Mrs. Elmer E. Davis, on South Thomas street.

Rev. J. W. Blackburn, who has been spending a few days in Bellefonte, returned to his home at Johnstown Wednesday afternoon.

Hon. Simon P. Wolverton, of Sunbury, and Hon. Monroe H. Kulp, of Shamokin, were prominent visitors in Bellefonte on Wednesday.

Rev. George Israel Brown departed Wednesday morning for Bloomsburg, Pa.

Mr. Levi Whippo left Wednesday to visit his sons, William and Robert, at Renovo. Mr. Whippo will remain in that town for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Smith, of East Bishop street, left on Wednesday evening for Philadelphia where they will visit their daughter Mrs. Thomas Seixas.

Mr. Samuel Lewin left Saturday evening for Baltimore. Mr. Lewin has not been in good health all winter, and he went to that city to consult a specialist. He will also visit Philadelphia and New York before returning.

Prof. and Mrs. Jas. R. Hughes and Rev. J. P. Hughes left Tuesday evening for Baltimore, to attend the wedding of Charles Stone Hughes of Philadelphia, to Miss Emma Virginia Graham, of Mt. Washington, Md.

Gen. James A. Beaver and John M. Dale, Esq., have returned from a delightful months visit to Cuba. General Beaver stopped off at Harrisburg to take his place on the Superior Court bench—the court being now in session in that city, and Mr. Dale came on home reaching here Tuesday night.

Mr. George L. Smith has severed his connection with the Beaver Lumber Co., of this place, and has accepted a position with a large lumber firm at Williamsport. Had Mr. Smith remained with the Beaver Lumber Co. until July, he would have been with them for twenty years, and during that time we feel sure that they had a man in their employ that was trustworthy and faithful. Mr. Smith will move his family to the above mentioned city after the first of April. While we lose a good citizen the city of Williamsport receives one.

The Bishop who Stirs Men's Souls.

On Monday evening April 8; the people of Bellefonte will have the opportunity of hearing Bishop C. H. Fowler, D. D. LL. D., of the Methodist Episcopal church, deliver his justly famous lecture on "Abraham Lincoln." It is claimed for Bishop Fowler that his Lincoln lecture is worthy a place among the few really great patriotic and biographical orations of the day. He is recognized as pre-eminently the orator of the Methodist church or any other church, for that matter. His eloquence, his earnestness, his dramatic and descriptive powers are incomparable, and his dry and harmless wit is seldom equaled. The "Omaha Bee" has the following to say of the Bishops oratorical masterpiece: "The eloquent bishop more than realized the expectation of his friends, and the lovers of the quaint, simple character of the great master of the Rebellion became almost his worshipers by the time the concluding sentences of the bishop's oration were pronounced.

He is an easy and delightful speaker with a voice of wonderful flexibility and strength.

—Mrs. Jane Dewees, widow of John Dewees, died at her home in Milesburg Saturday evening at twenty minutes of six. She was walking in the garden at her home when she suddenly dropped over and in a few minutes was dead. Death was due to the infirmities of old age. She was aged 81 years, 9 months and 2 days. She is survived by a brother Byers Price, and a sister Miss Elizabeth Price, both of Milesburg, The funeral occurred Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in the Milesburg cemetery.

—Probably the most gigantic real estate deal ever made was the purchase by eastern capitalists for $40,000,000 of all the land owned by the Northern Pacific railroad west of the Missouri river.

—The season of the rabbit and the hen approacheth.

DEATH OF MRS. JOSEPH BECK.

Passed Away at her Home in Wilkinsburg Sunday Morning.

Sunday the news reached Bellefonte of the death of Mrs. Gracia Maud Beck, wife of Joseph Beck, which sad event occurred at her home in Wilkinsburg sometime Sunday morning. She had been ill since last fall, her disease being diabetis. She spent the winter in Bellefonte and returned to her home in Wilkinsburg about three weeks ago greatly benefited in health and with strong hopes for her ultimate recovery. But the improvement in her condition proved a short one and she suffered a relapse on returning to her home which finally resulted in her death.

Deceased was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Houser, of this place, and was born at Lauvertown, this county, August 17th, 1875, making her age 25 years, 6 months and 20 days. She was a young lady of fine character and at the early age of 12 years was converted and joined the Methodist church at Pleasant Gap. Later on moving to Bellefonte she had her membership transferred to the Bellefonte church. One year ago on the 25th of last October she was married to Joseph Beck, formerly of this place, but late of Wilkinsburg.

Mrs. Beck had a host of friends both here and in Wilkinsburg who will sincerely mourn her death. She is survived by her husband, father and mother, and the following brothers, John and Abram, of Bellefonte, and Charles, of Sharon, Pa.

The remains arrived in Bellefonte on the 1:42 train Wednesday afternoon and were taken to the Houser home on East Bishop street. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, and the remains were tenderly laid to rest in the beautiful Union cemetery at this place.

The services were held in the Lutheran church, corner of Linn and Allegheny streets, and were very solemn and impressive, and the words as they fell from the lips of the minister seemed to lift the burden from the hearts of the bereaved ones. Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church conducted the services and was assisted by Rev. Dr. H. C. Holloway, of the Lutheran church. Rev. Shriner preached the funeral sermon his subject being "At Evening Time it Shall be Light." His text was from the 7th verse of the 14th chapter of Zachariah.

The choir which was composed of Mrs. S. D. Ray, Mrs. Margaret Brachbill, Messrs. C. C. Shuey and Lewis Schaeffer sang very sweetly the hymns "Gathering Home One by One," "I am Resting, Sweetly Resting" and "We'll Never Say Good Bye."

The honorary pall-bearers were selected from the host of lady friends of the deceased and were Misses Margery Lieb, Maud Spigelmyer, Eva Bell, Sara Bayard, May Taylor, of Bellefonte, and Gertie Keller, of Pleasant Gap.

The acting pall-bearers were Messrs. Samuel Taylor, Homer Barnes, Weston Shreffler, Edward Meese, John Gettig and Christy Smith.

When Mrs. Beck was sick last winter she selected the hymns that she wished sung and the honorary and acting pall-bearers. Many beautiful floral tributes were received.

Real Estate Tranfers.

The following deeds have been recorded during the past week in the office of Recorder N. E. Robb.

John A. Crawford et ux to Frank Hoffman, Feb. 6, 1901. Lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $1,000.

Jacob Garbrick et ux to A. O. Furst. March 13, 1901, 2 acres 4 perches in Marion twp. Consideration $150.00.

Dora E. Thomas et baron to Mary A. Taylor, Feb. 12, 1901, lot in State College boro $210.

County Commissioners to N. H. Gruber, March 11, 1901, 200 acres in Miles twp. Consideration $6 00.

Harrison Kline, treasurer, to J. H. Reifsnyder, Aug. 20, 1898, 200 acres in Miles twp. Consideration $4.12

N. H. Gruber to Luther Haines, March 8, 1898, 200 acres in Miles twp. Consideration $1.00.

J. W. Jones, admr. to Silas R. Thompson, Feb. 15, 1901, lot in Philipsburg. Con. $700.

Henry Brockerhoff et al to A. O. Furst, Jan. 19, 1901, tract of land in Marion twp. Con. $500.

Lehigh Valley Coal Co., to Snow Shoe School District, Dec. 14, 1899. lot in Snow Shoe. Consideration $25.00.

Harry Kisling et ux to W. G. Kisling, Sept. 8, 1900, lot in Snow Shoe. Consideration $75.

David Levisey et ux to W. G. Kisling, Sept. 19, 1900, house and lot in Snow Shoe. Consideration $1.00.

Catherine Holt et al to Emily Emigh, May 29, 1899, house and lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $500.

Malon Greist to A. J. Greist, Sept. 1, 1871, tract of land in Union twp. Consideration $1.00.

T. C. Cronover et ux to Wm. P. Pekington, Feb. 8, 1901, lot in Rush twp. Consideration $600.

David Klepper to Mary A. Cole, March 11, 1901, lot in Spring twp. Consideration $500.

—Representative John K. Thompson has been appointed by Speaker Marshall a member of the Pennsylvania Commission to the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. The commission at a meeting in Harrisburg effected an organization and decided to erect a State building at a cost of $15,000 on the Exposition grounds.